# CLASS - +2 SUBJECT - CHEMISTRY

Time : 3 hours M.M. : 50

S. No.	Unit	1 mark	2 mark	3 mark	Total
		Ques.	Ques.	Ques.	Marks
1.	Electro Chemistry	2	2	_	6
2.	Chemical Kinetics	2	2	_	6
3.	Surface Chemistry	2	-	1	5
4.	D and F-block	4	1	_	6
	Elements				
5.	Co-oridnation	3	1	1	8
	Compounds				
6.	Aldehydes, Ketones	3	-	2	9
	& Carboxylic Acids				
7.	Amines	3	2	-	7
8.	Chemistry in	1	1	_	3
	Everyday life				
		20	9	4	50

### PAPER TERM - 2 CLASS - +2

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**SUBJECT - CHEMISTRY** 

#### Instructions:

- (i) All question are compulsory
- (ii) While answering your questions, you must indicate on your answer sheet same question no. as appearing in your question paper.
- (iii) Internal choices are given in same questions.
- (iv) Question No. 1-20 carry 1 mark each, questions 21–29 is of 2 marks, question 30-33 are of 3 marks.
- 1. The units of conductivity are:
  - (a)  $ohm^{-1}$

- (b) ohm<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>-1</sup>
- (c) ohm<sup>-2</sup>cm<sup>2</sup> equiv<sup>-1</sup>
- (d) ohm<sup>-1</sup>cm<sup>2</sup>
- 2. One faraday is equal to .....
- 3. Units of specific reaction rate for 2nd order reaction is ......
- 4. Rate of reaction depends upon ......
- 5. Which of the following are positively charged sols?
  - (a)  $Fe(OH)_3$
- (b)  $Sb_3S_3$

(c) TiO<sub>2</sub>

(d) Silver Sol.

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6.	Which of the following is dia magnetic?						
	(a)	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	(b)	Cr <sup>2+</sup>			
	(c)	Zn <sup>2+</sup>	(d)	Cu <sup>2+</sup>			
7.		te the general			uration o		
	Lan	thanoids?					
8.	The	IUPAC name of	K <sub>4</sub> [Ni(CN	) <sub>4</sub> ] is			
					N <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>		
a	C F	H <sub>S</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> +CHCl <sub>3</sub> ®		10 6	+ H <sub>2</sub> C		
٥.	O <sub>6</sub> 1	ISI 11 2 1 01 1013		10.	+ H <sub>2</sub> C		
	Δ						
	$\xrightarrow{\Delta}$						
11.	Define canthanoid contraction?						
12.	Med	Medicines used in treatment of allergy <mark>are calle</mark>					
13.	HCOOH reacts with ConCH <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> to produce.				oduce.		
	(a)	CO	(b)	CO <sub>2</sub>			
	(c)	NO	(d)	$NO_2$			
14.	4. According to freundlich adsorbtion isotherm, w						
	of the following is correct?						
	(a)	X/m a p <sup>1</sup>	(b)	X/m a p	1/6		
	(c)	$X/m a p^0$	(d)	all of the	above		
15.	Whi	Which element belongs to d-block elements?					
	(a)	Na	(b)	Ca			
	(c)	Cu	(d)	Ar			

16.	The magnetic moment of [Ni(CO) <sub>4</sub> ] is						
	(a)	0	(b)	2			
	(c)	1	(d)	3			
17.	NO <sub>2</sub> +	is called					
18.	Freshly prepared ammonical silver nitrate solution						
	is known as						
19.	IUPAC name of oxalic acid is						
20.	Which complex has square planar structure?						
	(a)	[Ni(CO) <sub>4</sub> ]	(b)	[NiCl <sub>4</sub> ] <sup>2-</sup>			
	(c)	[Ni(H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>2+</sup>	(d)	$[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$			
21.	Wha	at is Nerst equation	on? V	Vrite mathematical			
	relation?						
22.	Explain standard hydrogen electrode with diagram?						
23.	(a)	Why transition ele	emen	ts formed coloured			
	ions	?					
	(b)	Define transition el	emen	its?			
	Or						
	Whi Why	·	agneti	c V (iv) or V(V) and			

24. (a) What is meant by chelate effect?

Define optical isomerism? Give one example.

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Or

Explain the geometry and magnetic behaviour of  $[Ni(CO)_{a}]$ 

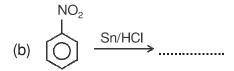
- 25. (a) What is order of reaction? Explain.
  - (b) What is rate law?
- 26. First order of reaction has specific rate of 10<sup>-3</sup>s<sup>-1</sup>. How much time will it take for 10g of reactant to reduce to 5g?
- 27. (a) Write IUPAC name of  $CH_3CH_2NH CH_3$ 
  - (b) Explain Mendius reaction?

Or

- (a) Describe Gattermann reaction?
- (b) Complete equations :-

(i) 
$$R-C-NH_2 \xrightarrow{LiAlH_4} H_2O$$

- (ii)  $C_6H_5NH_2 + Br_2 \otimes \dots$
- 28. (a) What is tincture of iodine? What is its uses?
  - (b) What are antacids? Give examples.
- 29. (a) Why ethylamine is more basic than ammonia?



Or

- (a) Write short note on Sandmeyer's reaction?
- (b) Why do amines behave as nucleophiles?
- 30. (a) Explain geometry and magnetic behaviour of  $[Ni(CN)_4]^{2-}$  on basis of VBT?
  - (b)  $[Ti(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$  is coloured while  $[Sc(H_2O)_6]^{3+}$  is colourless. Explain?
- 31. (a) Write four differences between absorbtion and adsorption?
  - (b) Name the zeolite catalyst which convert alcohol to gasolien (petrol)?
- 32. (a) Discuss cross aldol condensation?
  - (b) Why do aldehydes and ketones under goes nucleophilic addition reaction? Give one example.
- 33. (a) What is tollen's reagent?
  - (b) Why formic acid is stronger than acetic acid?
  - (c) Discuss Hell-volhard zelinsky reaction?

Or

- (a) What is formalin?
- (b) Write short note on aldol condensation?
- (c) What is catalytic dehydrogenation of alcohols?

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