

**Sample Question Paper 2021-2022**

**Class XII**

**Sociology**

**Time-3:15 Hours**

**MM:100**

Note-First 15 minutes are allotted for the candidates to read the question paper.

Instructions:

- (i) All questions are compulsory. Marks allotted to each question are given against it.
- (ii) Question Nos. 1 to 10 are multiple choice type. Question Nos. 11 to 20 are very short answer type to be answered in 25 words each. Question Nos. 21 to 26 are short answer type to be answered in 50 words each. Question Nos. 27 to 29 are long answer type to be answered in 150 words each.

**(Multiple Choice Type Questions)**

**(1×10=10)**

1. Which of the following factors is responsible for the origin of Nationalism?

- |                 |               |
|-----------------|---------------|
| (a) Colonialism | (b) Casteism  |
| (c) Communalism | (d) Modernism |

2. According to 2011 census, the literacy rate of India is-

- |            |            |
|------------|------------|
| (a) 72.40% | (b) 67.70% |
| (c) 74.04% | (d) 78.80% |

3. In how many parts is the age group structure divided in India?

- |          |           |
|----------|-----------|
| (a) Four | (b) Three |
| (c) Two  | (d) One   |

4. Which of the following is not an example of social institution?

- |                |              |
|----------------|--------------|
| (a) Homogenous | (b) Marriage |
| (c) Kinship    | (d) Family   |

5. Which factor is responsible for the disparity and exclusion of differently abled class?

- |                                   |                       |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Social system and Perspective | (b) Their own destiny |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|

(c) Their own condition

(d) Their class distinction

6. Factor/Factors responsible for strong regionalism are-

(a) Love for the local language

(b) Unbalanced economic growth

(c) Social injustice and backwardness (d) All of these

7. Who has given the concept of 'Dominant Caste'?

(a) M.N. Srinivas

(b) G.S. Ghuriye

(c) Radhakrishnan

(d) D.P. Mukherji

8. 73<sup>rd</sup> constitutional amendment of Indian Constitution is related to-

(a) Central government system

(b) State government system

(c) Panchayatiraj system

(d) None of these

9. The process related to maximum use of machines in the production and services of economic goods is-

(a) Urbanization

(b) Industrialization

(c) Laukikikaran (Secularization)

(d) Sanskritization

10. The characteristics of social movement are-

(a) It occurs without reason

(b) It is unorganized

(c) No reform is possible in it

(d) It is organized

**(Very Short Answer type Questions-)**

**(3×10=30)**

11. What is Colonialism?

12. Define 'Sex Ratio'.

13. What do you understand by 'Population-Explosion'?

14. Classify the tribes on the basis of their acquired traits.

15. Who had established 'Satyashodhak Samaj' and why?

16. Define 'Regionalism'. Write down any two factors responsible for the growth of regionalism.

17. Define 'Sanskritization'.

18. Write down any two negative effects of Green-Revolution.

19. Write down the chief characteristics of 'Industrial Society'.

20. What do you understand by class based movement?

**(Long Answer type Questions-)**

**(6×6=36)**

21. Throw light on the problems faced by Indian tribes.

22. Describe the policies made to abolish caste inequality in India.

23. Define 'Communalism' Elaborate the chief factors responsible for communalism.

24. What do you understand by 'Dominant Caste'.

25. Write down the characteristics and importance of the Panchayati Raj Act 1992.

26. What are the impacts of globalization and liberalization on Indian industries?

**(Long Answer type Questions-)**

**(8×3=24)**

27. Explain the steps of a 'Project Work' in detail.

or

Analyze critically the 'Survey Method' of social research.

28. What are the effects of land reform? Give a detailed study of it.

or

Describe the changes that took place in Indian rural society after independence.

29. Evaluate critically 'Women's Movements' in India.

or

Define 'Social Movements'. Describe the types of social movements.