# F2

## ANKHA

No.:

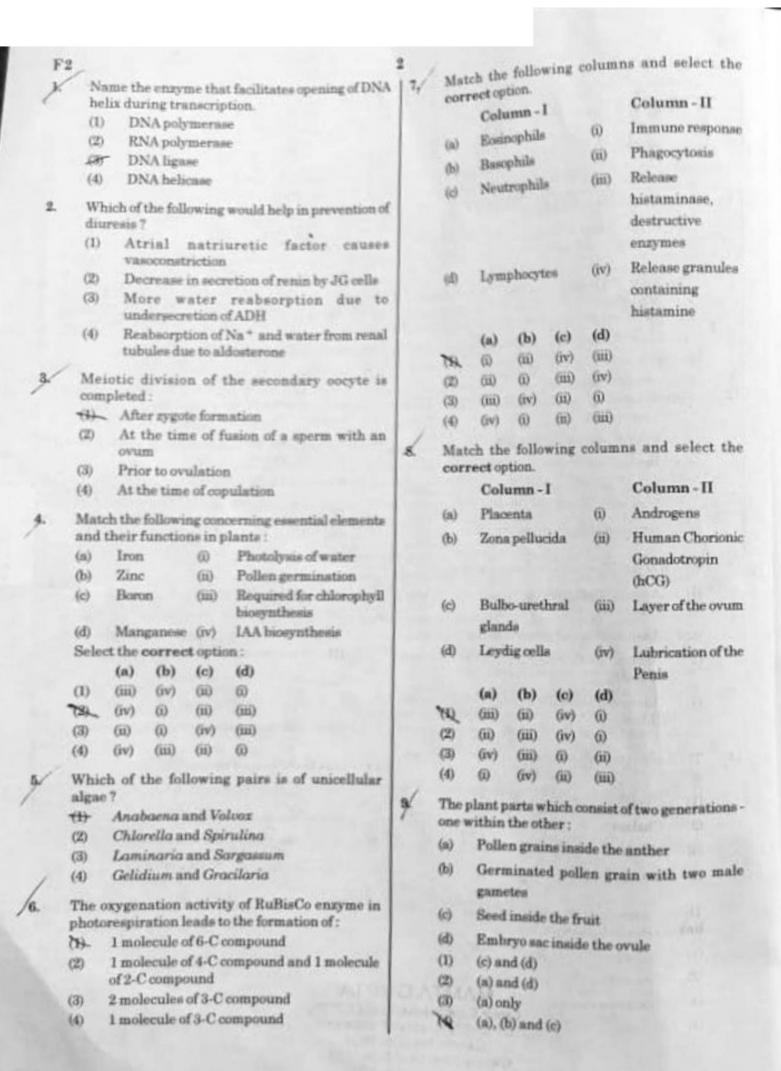
This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

## Important Instructions:

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses. 3.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator 5. before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- The CODE for this Booklet is F2. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the 6. same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the 7. Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator. 9.
- No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat. 10.
- The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the 11. Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited. 12.
- The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct 13. in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances. 14.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the 15. Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Ca	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	: in figures		
	: in words		
Centre of Exam	ination (in Capitals):		
Candidate's Sig	nature:	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	tendent:		



- 10. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is incorrect?
  - They lie free in the cytoplasm.
  - (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
  - (3) They are not bound by any membrane.
  - (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
- 11. Strobili or cones are found in :
  - (1) Marchantia
  - (2) Equisetum
  - (8) Salvinia
  - (4) Pteris
- 12. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
  - (1) Release of Green House gases
  - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
  - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
  - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances
- 18. Which of the following statements is correct?
  - Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
  - (2) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
  - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
  - Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle
  - (1) Nucellus
  - Chalaza
  - (3) Hilum
  - (4) Micropyle
- 76. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
  - (1) Palindromic sequence
  - (2) Recognition site
  - Selectable marker
  - (4) Ori site

- Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
  - They are useful in genetic engineering.
  - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
  - They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
  - Ammonia and oxygen
  - (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
  - (3) Ammonia alone
  - (4) Nitrate alone
- In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
  - 97 PS-I to NADP+
  - (2) PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (3) PS-II to Cyth<sub>6</sub>f complex
  - (4) Cyth<sub>0</sub>f complex to PS-I
- 19. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
  - Low concentration of LH
  - (2) Low concentration of FSH
  - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
  - (4) High concentration of Progesterone
- 20. The first phase of translation is:
  - Aminoacylation of tRNA
  - (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
  - (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
  - (4) Recognition of DNA molecule
- 21. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are:
  - (1) Prop roots
  - (2) Lateral roots
  - Fibrous roots
  - (4) Primary roots

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- 31. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
  - CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (2) CH<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (3) CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 800°C
  - (4) CH<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub> and water vapor at 800°C
- 32. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
  - (1) Lysine
  - (2) Valine
  - (3) Tyrosine
  - (4) Glutamic Acid
- 33. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
  - (1) High reflection of light from snow
  - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
  - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
  - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- 34. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G<sub>0</sub>). This process occurs at the end of:
  - (1)- Sphase
  - (2) G<sub>2</sub> phase
  - (3) M phase
  - (4) G<sub>1</sub> phase
- 35. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
  - (1) Himalayas
  - (2) Amazon forests
  - (3) Western Ghats of India
  - (4) Madagascar

- Identify the incorrect statement.
  - Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
  - Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
  - Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
  - Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- 37. Floridean starch has structure similar to:
  - (1) Mannitol and algin
  - (Z) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (W Starch and cellulose
  - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen
- 38. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
  - (I) Mortality
  - (2) Species interaction
    - (3) Sex ratio
  - (4) Natality
- 39. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is:
  - Two
  - (2) Three
  - (8) Zero
  - (4) One
- Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
  - (1) Heum is a highly coiled part.
  - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - Ch. lleum opens into small intestine.
  - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
- 41. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
  - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
  - (2) GIFT and ICSI
  - 2 ZIFT and IUT
  - GIFT and ZIFT

- 42. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is correct?
  - Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
  - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
  - Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
  - Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
- Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
  - (1) Ethylene
  - (2) Abecisic acid
  - (3) Cytokinin
  - % Gibberellin
- Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their:
  - (I) Defence action
  - (S) Effect on reproduction
  - (3) Nutritive value
  - (4) Growth response
- Select the correct match.
  - (I) Sickle cell anaemia Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
  - (2) Thalassemia
- Xlinked
- (6) Haemophilia
- Ylinked
- (4) Phenylketonuria
- Autocomal dominant trait
- Select the correct statement.
  - (26) Insulin acts on pancreatic gells and adipocytes.
  - Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
  - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
  - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.

- 47. Which of the following refer to correct example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
  - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.

52.

53

- (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
- (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
- (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) (b), (c) and (d)
- (2) only (d)
- only (a)
- (4) (a) and (c)
- 48. Choose the correct pair from the following :
  - (1) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
  - (2) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
  - (3) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
  - (4) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
- Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
  - The Charles Darwin
  - (2) Oparin
  - (3) Karl Ernst von Baer
  - (4) Alfred Wallace
- Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
  - Chondrocytes
  - (2) Compound epithelial cells
  - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
  - Columnar epithelial cells
- Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) is resistant to;
  - (I) Plant nematodes
  - (2) Insect predators
  - (3) Insect pests
  - Fungal diseases

52.	Which of the following statements are true f	for
	the phylum-Chordata?	CO.

- In Urochordata notochord extends from (a) head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
- In Vertebrata notochord is present during (b) the embryonic period only.
- Central nervous system is dorsal and (c) hollow.
- Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : (d) Hemichordata. Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (a) and (b) (1)
- (b) and (c) (2)
- (3)(d) and (c)
- (4) (c) and (a)

#### Which of the following is put into Anserobic sludge 53. digester for further sewage treatment?

- Effluents of primary treatment (1)
- Activated sludge (2)
- Primary sludge 131
- (4) Floating debris

## Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :

- Cellulose, lecithin (1)
- Inulin, insulin (2)
- Chitin, cholesterol (3)
- Glycerol, trypsin 14

### Match the following diseases with the causative 55. organism and select the correct option.

	Colt	ımn -	1		Column - II	
(a)	Typh	oid.		0	Wuchereria	
(b)		monia		(ii)	Plasmodium	
(c)	Filar	insis	1	(iii)	Salmonella	
(d)		ria -	1	(iv)	Haemophilus	
(0)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)		
(2)	(iv)	6)	(ii)	(iii)		
(3)	0	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	10000	
40	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)		

56. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - []
(a)	Clost	tridiun	n_	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
4)	-	licum	*	~~	Dominio Anid
(p)		todern sporun		(11)	Butyric Acid
(c)	Mone	ascus.		(iii)	Citric Acid
	purp	ureus			
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	niger	Blood cholestero	
					lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
45	(ii)	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	

By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of 57. sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?

> W Cross breeding

- Inbreeding (2)
- Out crossing (3)
- Mutational breeding (4)

Select the correct events that occur during inspiration.

- Contraction of disphragm (a)
- Contraction of external inter-costal muscles (b)
- Pulmonary volume decreases (c)
- Intra pulmonary pressure increases (d)
- (a), (b) and (d) (1)
- only (d) (2)
- (a) and (b) **(3)**
- (c) and (d)

#### Match the following columns and select the 59. correct option.

	Col	umn-	-1		C	olumn - II
(a)	Gre	-	s, poly	phago	as (i)	Asterias
(b)	Adu	lt with metry	and la		(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Bool	k lungs			(iii)	Ctenoplana Locusta
(d)	Bioh	umine			(JV)	Locusina
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(tv)		
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)		
(a)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)		
(40	(iv)	60	(ii)	(iii)		

69.	Match	the	following	columns	and	select	the
	correc	t opt	ion.				

	Colu	mn -	l		Column - II			
(a)	Float	ing Ri	bs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs			
(b)	Acro	mion		(ti)	Head of the Humerus			
(c)	(c) Scapula			(iii)	Clavicle			
(d)	Glen	llenoid cavity		Glenoid cavity		(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum	
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)				
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(1)	(ii)				
4	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)				
36	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)				

- 70. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is 6.6×10<sup>9</sup> bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
  - (1) 2.2 meters
  - (2) 2.7 meters
  - (3) 2.0 meters
  - (4) 2.5 meters
- 71. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus?
  - (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
  - (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
  - (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
  - Uremia and Renal Calculi
- Bilaterally symmetrical and accelemate animals are exemplified by :
  - (1) Aschelminthes
  - (2) Annelida
  - (3) Ctenophora
  - (4) Platyhelminthes
- 73. Ray florets have:
  - (1) Hypogynous ovary
  - (2) Half inferior ovary
  - (3) Inferior ovary
  - (4) Superior ovary

- 74. The infectious stage of Plasmodium that enters the human body is:
  - (1) Female gametocytes
  - (2) Male gametocytes
  - (3) Trophozoites
  - (4) Sporozoites
- 75. Which of the following statements is not correct?
  - The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
  - Genetically engineered insulin is produced in E-Coli.
  - (3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
  - The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
- 76. In water hyscinth and water lily, pollination takes place by:
  - wind and water
  - (2) insects and water
  - (3) insects or wind
  - (4) water currents only
- Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in:
  - (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
  - (2) eustachian tube
  - sn lining of intestine
  - (4) ducts of salivary glands
- Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Co	lumn	-1		Column - II
(n)	Pitt	uitary	gland	(0)	Grave's disease
(b)	Thy	roid g	and	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus
(c)	Adr	enal gl	and	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus
(d)		Pancreas		(iv)	Addison's disease
-	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(0)	(iv)	(iii)	
or	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(1)	(iv)	

F2			10			a.Howi	ng wi	th respect to meiosis :		
79.	Wh	uch one of the following is the most abundant tein in the animals?	83.	Ma (a)		otene	0	Terminalization		
	(1)	Lectin		(b)	Pachytene		(ii)	Chiasmata		
	(2)	Insulin		(0)	Dipl	otene	(iii)	Crossing over		
	(3)	Haemoglobin		(d)	Dial	cinesis	(iv)	Synapsis		
	N	Collagen		5,000,00	Select the correct option from the following:					
					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
80.	If th	e head of cockroach is removed, it may live for days because :		(1)	(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)		
	(1)	the head holds a see 10		(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	0		
	(A)	the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the		(4)				1/2		
		ventral part of its body.		15	(m)	(iv)	(0)	(ii)		
	(2)	the head holds a 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.		(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	0		
	-	24	84.	The	QRS	omplex	inas	tandard ECG represents:		
	(3)	the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.	100	(i) Depolarisation of ventricles						
		The state of the s			Repo	larisat	ion of	ventricles		
	(4)	the cockroach does not have nervous system.		(3)	Repo	larisat	ion of	auricles		
81.	Flips	ers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples		M	Depo	larisat	ion of	auricles		
	<b>30</b>	Industrial melanism	85.	Selec	t the o	ption in	cludir	og all sexually transmitted		
	(2)	Natural selection		TH	AIDS	, Mala	ria, Pi	laria		
	DE	Adaptive radiation		(2)	Cano	er, AID	S, Sy	philis		
	(4)	Convergent evolution		(3)	Gono	rrhoea	Syph	ilis, Genital herpes		
		MEN AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF		(4)	Gono	rrhoea	Mala	ria, Genital herpes		
2.	Thep	rocess responsible for facilitating loss of water		uld						
	in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:		86.	Ident the g	ify the	wron hat cor	g stat	ABO blood groups		
	(1)	Imbibition		(1)	gene T that controls ABO blood groups.  When IA and IB are present together, they					
	(2)	Plasmolysis		da	type of sugar.					
	(8)	Transpiration		(3)	Allele T does not produce any sugar.					
	(4)	Root pressure			The g	ene (I)	has th	aree alleles.		
				(4)	A per alleles	eon wi	II has	e only two of the three		

87.			he fol overni				inhibitor					
	ar		olic aci									
	(2)	Para-	ascort	oic acid	i							
	(3)		rellic									
	(4)		aic aci									
88.	Match the following columns and select the											
		Colu	mn - 1	ı		Coh	umn - II					
	(a)	Orga	n of Co	orti	6)		nects middle and pharym					
	(b)	Coch	lea			ed part of th rinth						
	(c)	Eust	Eustachian tube (iii				Attached to the oval window					
	(d)	Stape	esa		(iv)	basi	ated on the lar nbrane					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)							
	(1)	(iv)	(ii)	0	(iii)							
	(2)	0	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)							
	(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)							
	(1)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)							
89.	The ovary is half inferior in :											
	N											
	(2)	Plun	n									
	754	Brin	jal -									
	(4)	Mus	tard									
90.	Mate	ch the	follow	ing:								
	(a)	Inhi	bitor o	fcatal	ytic	(i)	Ricin					
	(b)	Poss	ess per	ptide b	onds	(ii)	Malonate					
	(c)		wall m			(iii)	Chitin					
	(d)	Sam	ndary	metab	olite	(iv)	Collagen					
	Cho	one the	corre	et opt	ion fro	m the	following:					
	-	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)							
	(1)	(iii)	(iv)	0	(ii)							
	799	(ii)	(iii)	60	(iv)							
	co	60	(iv)	(iii)	(i)							

(ii)

(iv)

(iii)

(4)

60

- 91. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
  - H<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>, peroxodisulphuric acid
  - (2) H<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>, pyrosulphuric acid
  - (3) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, sulphurous acid
  - (4) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, sulphuric acid
- 92. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
  - threshold energy
  - (2) collision frequency
  - (3) activation energy
  - (4) heat of reaction
- 93. Identify the incorrect match.

	Name	IUP	AC Official Name
(n)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium
(1)	(c), (iii)		
(2)	(d), (iv)		
ar	(a), (i)		
(4)	(b), (ii)		

94. A mixture of N<sub>2</sub> and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N<sub>2</sub> and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N<sub>2</sub> is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol  $^{-1}$ ): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (I) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar

- Cross Camnizzaro's reaction (1)
- Cross Aldol condensation (2)
- Aldel condensation (3)

F2

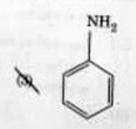
100 Cannizzaro's reaction

Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?

- $1 \text{ g of } O_p(g)$  [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- I g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- I g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- I g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]

Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?



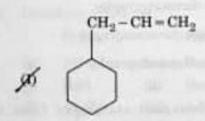
99, Identify the incorrect statement.

- Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- (2) The exidation states of chromium in CrO<sub>4</sub><sup>2</sup> and  $Cr_2O_7^2$  are not the same.
- $\operatorname{Cr}^{2+}(d^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than (3) Fe2+(d6) in water.
- The transition metals and their compounds (4) are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.

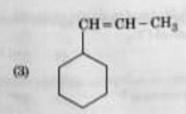
100. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?

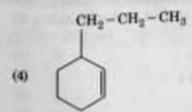
- (2) Lyaine
- (3)Serine
- (4) Alanine

- Which of the following is a natural polymer? 101.
  - polybutadiene (1)
  - poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile) 125
  - cia-1,4-polyisoprene (3)
  - poly (Butadiene-styrene) (4)
- Match the following and identify the correct 102. option.
  - (a)  $CO(g) + H_g(g)$
- (i) Mg(HCO<sub>n</sub>)<sub>n</sub>+ Ca(HCO.)
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- An electron (11) deficient hydride
- $B_2H_6$ (c)
- Synthesis gas (iii)
- (d)  $H_2O_2$
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a)
  - (d) (b) (c) (iv) 0
- (1) (iii)
- (ii)
- (2)0
- (ii)(iv)
- (3)
- (iii) (i) (ii)
- (iv)
- (iii) (iv) (ii) 0 (1) (iii)
- 103. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:



CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> (2)





- 104. The rate constant for a first order reaction is 4.606 × 10<sup>-3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
  - (D) 500 s
  - (2)1000 s
  - (3)100 a
  - (4) 200 s
- On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
  - (1) H2S gas
  - (2)SOggan
  - (3) Hydrogen gas
  - (4) Oxygen gus
- An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) 106. structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:

(1) 
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(2) 
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(3) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \, \text{pm}$$

- 107. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
  - α·D-Glucose + β-D-Fructose **(1)**
  - α-D-Fructose + β-D-Fructose
  - β-D-Glucose + α-D-Fructose (3)
  - α-D-Glucose + β-D-Glucose (4)
- Which of the following is not correct about carbon 108. monoxide?
  - The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin (I) bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
  - It is produced due to incomplete combustion. - (2)
    - It forms carboxyhaemoglobin (3)
  - (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.

- 109. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
  - (I) Acetone + Chloroform
  - (2) Chloroethane+Bromoethane
  - (3) Ethanol + Acetone
  - No. Benzene+Toluene
- 110. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

- 111. The freezing point depression constant (K<sub>f</sub>) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>.
  - (t) 0.40 K
  - (2) 0.60 K
  - (3) 0.20 K
  - (0 0.80 K
- 112. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
  - (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
  - (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
  - (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
  - No Sodium stearate
- 113. Paper chromatography is an example of :
  - (1) Thin layer chromatography
  - (2) Column chromatography
  - M Adsorption chromatography
  - (4) Partition chromatography
- 114. Identify the correct statement from the following:
  - Vapour phase refining is carried out fit Nickel by Van Arkel method.
  - (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
  - (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with
  - (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 115. What is the change in oxidation number of carles in the following reaction?

$$CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$$

- (1) -4 to +4
- (2) 0 to -4
- (3) +410+4
- 10 010+4

- 116. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
  - (a) β-Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
  - (1) (b), (c), (d)
  - (2) (a), (b), (d)
  - (3) (a), (b), (c)
  - (a), (c), (d)

## Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction. http://www.xamstudy.com

Sucrose + H<sub>2</sub>O <del>←</del> Glucose + Fructose

If the equilibrium constant (K<sub>c</sub>) is  $2\times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^{\ominus}$  at the same temperature will be:

- (1)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$

## 118. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	00	0	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>	(iv)	Amphoteric
Whi	ch of the fol	lowing i	s correct option?
			State of the state

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
- (3) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)
- 40 (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- 119. Identify a molecule which does not exist.
  - (1) C<sub>2</sub>

**(1)** 

- (2) O<sub>2</sub>
- (3) He<sub>2</sub>
- 149- Lig
- 120. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten CaCl<sub>2</sub> (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is:
  - (1) 3
  - (2) 4
  - (3) 1
  - (4) 2

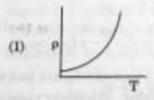
- 121. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu<sup>2+</sup> (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
  - Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) CuCO<sub>3</sub>·Cu(OH)<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) CuSO<sub>4</sub>
  - (4) [Cu(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]<sup>2+</sup>
- 122. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
  - (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
  - (2) Isobutyl alcohol
  - 487 Isopropyl alcohol
  - (4) Sec. butyl alcohol
- 123. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in <sup>175</sup><sub>71</sub>Lu, respectively, are:
  - (1) 71, 71 and 104
  - (2) 175, 104 and 71
  - (3) 71, 104 and 71
  - (4) 104, 71 and 71
- 124. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
  - (1) n-Heptane
  - (2) n-Butane
  - (3) n-Hexane
  - 70 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- 125. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
  - (1) Only MgCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) NaCl, MgCl2 and CaCl2
  - (3) Both MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
  - (A) Only NaCl
- 126. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
  - (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (2) Size of the colloidal particles
  - (3) Viscosity
  - (4) Solubility

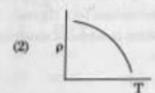
- Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> is 2×10-15.
  - (1) 1×10-13 M
  - (2) 1×108 M
  - (3) 2×10-13 M
  - (4) 2×10-8 M
- 128. For the reaction, 2Cl(g) → Cl<sub>2</sub>(g), the correct option is:
  - Δ,H < 0 and Δ,S > 0
  - (2) Δ,H < 0 and Δ,S < 0
  - (3) A,H > 0 and A,S > 0
  - (4) Δ,H > 0 and Δ,S < 0</p>
- The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr<sup>2+</sup> ion is:
  - (1) 5.92 BM
  - (2) 2.84 BM
  - (I) 3.87 BM
  - (4) 4.90 BM
- 130. Identify the correct statements from the following:
  - (a) CO<sub>g</sub>(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of C<sub>50</sub> contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
  - (1) (b) and (c) only
  - (2) (c) and (d) only
  - (3) (a), (b) and (c) only
  - (4) (a) and (c) only
- 131. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
  - (1) Calcium
  - (2) Potassium
  - 1ron
    - (4) Copper

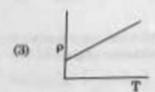
- 132. Which of the following set of molecules will he sero dipole moment?
  - Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoni water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - (2) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoria carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, wat: 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carli dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- 133. The correct option for free expansion of an ide gas under adiabatic condition is:
  - (1)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (2) q > 0,  $\Delta T > 0$  and w > 0
  - q=0,  $\Delta T=0$  and w=0
  - (4) q = 0,  $\Delta T < 0$  and w > 0
- 134. Which of the following is the correct order increasing field strength of ligands to fort coordination compounds?
  - (1)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (2)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
  - (3)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - M. SCN < F < CN < C204
- 135. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than secondary butyl carbocation because of which? the following?
  - (1) -Reffect of -CH<sub>3</sub> groups
  - (2) Hyperconjugation
  - (3) -1 effect of CH<sub>3</sub> groups
  - (4) +Reffect of -CH<sub>5</sub> groups

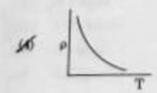
- 136. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
  - (1) 536 Hz
  - (2) 537 Hz
  - (3) 523 Hz
  - (4) 524 Hz
- 137. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
  - (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (2) increase in forward current
  - (3) forward bias only
  - (4) reverse bias only
- 138. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5$   $r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio:
  - (1)  $\frac{3}{2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{5}{3}$
  - $182, \frac{27}{8}$
  - (4) 9/4
- 139. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
  - (1) 1.0
  - (2) -1.0
  - (3) zero
  - (4) 0.5

- 140. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: (g = 10 m/s²)
  - (1) 320 m
  - (2) 300 m
  - (3) 360 m
  - (4) 340 m
- 141. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
  - (W) four times
  - (2) one-fourth
  - (3) double
  - (4) half
- 142. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?









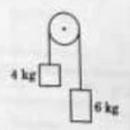
 A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turn. carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field st the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- $6.28 \times 10^{-5}$  T
- 3.14×10-5T
- 6.28×10-4T CED.
- 3.14×10-4T (4)
- 144. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
  - one-fourth
  - merco
  - doubled CB
  - four times
- 145. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- 151 0.5 mm
- 1.0 mm
- 0.01 mm
- 0.25 mm (4)
- 146. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



- (I) g/5
- g/10
- (3)
- (4) g/2

- 18
- For translator action, which of the follows statements is correct ? Both emitter junction as well as the colleg
  - junction are forward biased. (II)
  - The base region must be very thin and light æ
  - Base, emitter and collector regions shou have same doping concentrations. (3)
  - Base, emitter and collector regions show **(4)**. have same size.
- 148. For which one of the following, Bohr model in to valid?
  - Deuteron atom (1)
  - Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+) æ
  - Hydrogen atom (3)
  - Singly ionised belium atom (He+) (4)
- 149. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in win and water rises in it to a height h. The mass the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capilles tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The na of water that will rise in this tube is:
  - 10.0 g **(I)**
  - (2)20.0 g
  - (3) 2.5 g
  - (4) 5.0 g
- The ratio of contributions made by the electricis and magnetic field components to the intensit an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed electromagnetic waves)
  - (1) 1 : c
  - (2) $1 : c^2$
  - (3) c:1
  - 10 1:1
- An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected magnetising field of 1200 A m 1. permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- 2.47×10-5 T m A-1
- 2.4 × 10 7 T m A 1
- 2.4 × 10 4 T m A 1
- 6.0 × 10 -5 T m A-1
- The Brewsters angle ib for an interface should
  - 45° < i<sub>6</sub> < 90°
  - is = 90°
  - o < i = 30

- 153. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
  - (1)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (2) zero
  - (3) π rad
  - $\sqrt{40}$   $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
- 154. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 67 cm
- (2) 80 cm
- (3) 33 cm
- (4) 50 cm
- 155. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2 × 10<sup>-7</sup> C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 1.28×10<sup>6</sup> N/C
- (2) 1.28×10<sup>7</sup> N/C
- (3) 1.28×10<sup>4</sup> N/C
- (4) 1.28 × 10<sup>5</sup> N/C
- 156. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
  - (1) 7.32×10<sup>-7</sup> rad
  - (2) 6.00 × 10<sup>-7</sup> rad
  - (3) 3.66×10<sup>-7</sup> rad
  - (4) 1.83×10<sup>-7</sup> rad
- 157. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10<sup>-4</sup> m s<sup>-1</sup> in an electric field of 3×10<sup>-10</sup> Vm<sup>-1</sup>, has a mobility in m<sup>2</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> of:
  - (1) 2.5×10-6
  - (2) 2.25×10-15
  - (3) 2.25×10<sup>15</sup>
  - (4) 2.5×10<sup>6</sup>

- 158. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?
  - (1) 9.980 m
  - (2) 9.9 m
  - (3) 9.9801 m
  - (4) 9,98 m
- 159. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
  - (I) 1.5×10<sup>13</sup> J
  - (2) 0.5×10<sup>13</sup> J
  - (3) 4.5×10<sup>16</sup> J
  - (4) 4.5×10<sup>13</sup> J
- 160. When a uranium isotope <sup>235</sup><sub>92</sub>U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates <sup>89</sup><sub>36</sub>Kr, three neutrons and: http://www.xamstudy.com
  - (1) 101 Kr
  - (2) 103 Kr
  - (3) 144 Ba
  - (45 91 Zr
- 161. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10<sup>-9</sup> C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

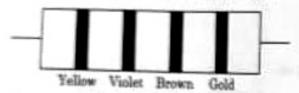
$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) 400 V
- (2) zero
- (3) 50 V
- (4) 200 V
- 162. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is:  $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$ 

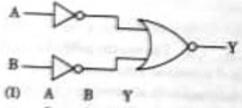
- (1) 0.1 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- (2) 0.02 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- 437 0.5 kg/m<sup>3</sup>
- (4) 0.2 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

- The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : (kg is Boltzmann constant and T. absolute temperature)
  - (I)
- 164. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- THA 4.7 kf2.5%
- (2) 470 Q. 5%
- (3) 470 kD, 5%
- 47 kg, 10% (4)
- 165. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



- 0 0 1
- B 0
  - 0 1 1 1
- 6 (3) B 0 0 0
  - 1

- A resistance wire connected in the left gap of 166. metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in  $q_i$ right gap at a point which divides the bridge win in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistant wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1  $\Omega$  of the resistance wire is:
  - 1.5×10-1 m  $\alpha$
  - 1.5×10-2 m (2)
  - 1.0×10-2 m (3)
  - $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$ (4)
- 167. Find the torque about the origin when a force of 3 N acts on a particle whose position vector: 2 k m -
  - (1) -61 Nm
  - (2)

  - 6 j N m
- 168. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass M is suspended from  $\omega$ free end. The expression for Young's modulus s
  - MgL (I) AL
  - MgL  $A(L_1 - L)$
  - MgL (3) AL.
  - (4)
- 169 A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
  - (I) 2.5 A
  - (2) 25.1 A
  - (3) 1.7 A
  - (4) 2.05 A
- A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?

  - (2) 24 N
  - (3) 48 N
  - (4) 32 N

- 171. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227 × 10<sup>-2</sup> nm, the potential difference is:
  - (I) 10<sup>3</sup> V
  - (2) 10<sup>4</sup> V
  - (3) 10 V
  - (4) 10<sup>2</sup> V
- 172. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:
  - (1) µA
  - (2) <u>µA</u>
  - \_(8) A/2μ
    - (4) 2A µ
- 171. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
  - (l) semiconductors only
  - (2) insulators and semiconductors
  - (5) metals
    - (4) insulators only
- In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
  - (I) 1 N/C
  - (2) 5 N/C
  - (3) zero
  - (4) 0.5 N/C
- Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm<sup>2</sup> falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
  - (1) 24×10<sup>3</sup>J
  - (2) 48×10<sup>3</sup> J
  - (a) 10×103J
  - 10 12×103 J

176. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6 μF. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30 μF. The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) 5.00 C<sup>2</sup> N<sup>-1</sup> m<sup>-2</sup>
- (3)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) 1.77 × 10 12 C2 N 1 m 2
- 177. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10<sup>-20</sup> J. This value in eV is nearly:
  - (1) 0.06
  - (2) 0.006
  - (3) 6
  - (4) 0.6
- 178. Dimensions of stress are :
  - [ML<sup>0</sup>T<sup>-2</sup>]
  - (2) [ML-1T-2]
  - (3) [MLT<sup>-2</sup>]
  - (ML2T-2)
- 179. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
  - (1) isochoric
  - (2) isobaric
  - (3) isothermal
  - (4) adiabatic
- 180. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
  - (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
  - (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
  - (4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ nwd}^2}$

(6)