ALHCA

Test Booklet Code

This Booklet contains 24 pages.



Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.

Important Instructions :

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **Side-1** and **Side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and this Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **ZZ**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is *not* permissible on the Answer Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) :	
Roll Number : in figures	
: in words	
Centre of Examination (in Capitals) :	
Candidate's Signature :	Invigilator's Signature :
Facsimile signature stamp of Centre Superintendent :	

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- 1. A tuning fork is used to produce resonance in a glass tube. The length of the air column in this tube can be adjusted by a variable piston. At room temperature of 27°C two successive resonances are produced at 20 cm and 73 cm of column length. If the frequency of the tuning fork is 320 Hz, the velocity of sound in air at 27°C is
 - $(1) \quad 330 \text{ m/s}$
 - $(2) \quad 339 \text{ m/s}$
 - (3) 300 m/s
 - (4) 350 m/s
- 2. An electron falls from rest through a vertical distance h in a uniform and vertically upward directed electric field E. The direction of electric field is now reversed, keeping its magnitude the same. A proton is allowed to fall from rest in it through the same vertical distance h. The time of fall of the electron, in comparison to the time of fall of the proton is
 - (1) smaller
 - (2) 5 times greater
 - (3) equal
 - (4) 10 times greater
- 3. A pendulum is hung from the roof of a sufficiently high building and is moving freely to and fro like a simple harmonic oscillator. The acceleration of the bob of the pendulum is 20 m/s^2 at a distance of 5 m from the mean position. The time period of oscillation is
 - (1) $2\pi s$
 - $(2) \quad \pi \ s$
 - (3) 1 s
 - (4) 2 s
- 4. The electrostatic force between the metal plates of an isolated parallel plate capacitor C having a charge Q and area A, is
 - (1) independent of the distance between the plates.
 - (2) linearly proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (3) inversely proportional to the distance between the plates.
 - (4) proportional to the square root of the distance between the plates.

- Current sensitivity of a moving coil galvanometer is 5 div/mA and its voltage sensitivity (angular deflection per unit voltage applied) is 20 div/V. The resistance of the galvanometer is
 - 40 Ω
 - (2) 25 Ω
 - $(3) \quad 500 \; \Omega$
 - $(4) \quad 250 \; \Omega$

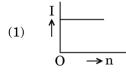
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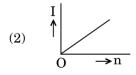
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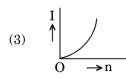
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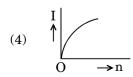
- A thin diamagnetic rod is placed vertically between the poles of an electromagnet. When the current in the electromagnet is switched on, then the diamagnetic rod is pushed up, out of the horizontal magnetic field. Hence the rod gains gravitational potential energy. The work required to do this comes from
 - $(1) \quad the \ current \ source$
 - (2) the magnetic field
 - (3) the induced electric field due to the changing magnetic field
 - (4) the lattice structure of the material of the rod
- An inductor 20 mH, a capacitor 100 μ F and a resistor 50 Ω are connected in series across a source of emf, V = 10 sin 314 t. The power loss in the circuit is
 - $(1) \quad 0{\cdot}79 \ W$
 - $(2) \quad 0.43 \text{ W}$
 - (3) 1.13 W
 - $(4) \quad 2{\cdot}74 \ W$
- A metallic rod of mass per unit length 0.5 kg m^{-1} is lying horizontally on a smooth inclined plane which makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal. The rod is not allowed to slide down by flowing a current through it when a magnetic field of induction 0.25 T is acting on it in the vertical direction. The current flowing in the rod to keep it stationary is
 - (1) 7·14 A
 - (2) 5.98 A
 - (3) 11.32 A
 - (4) 14.76 A

- 9. A carbon resistor of $(47 \pm 4.7) \text{ k}\Omega$ is to be marked with rings of different colours for its identification. The colour code sequence will be
 - $(1) \quad Violet-\ Yellow-\ Orange-\ Silver$
 - (2) Yellow Violet Orange Silver
 - (3) Green Orange Violet Gold
 - $(4) \quad Yellow-\ Green-Violet-Gold$
- 10. A set of 'n' equal resistors, of value 'R' each, are connected in series to a battery of emf 'E' and internal resistance 'R'. The current drawn is I. Now, the 'n' resistors are connected in parallel to the same battery. Then the current drawn from battery becomes 10 I. The value of 'n' is
 - (1) 10
 - (2) 11
 - (3) 9
 - (4) 20
- 11. A battery consists of a variable number 'n' of identical cells (having internal resistance 'r' each) which are connected in series. The terminals of the battery are short-circuited and the current I is measured. Which of the graphs shows the correct relationship between I and n?









- In Young's double slit experiment the separation d between the slits is 2 mm, the wavelength λ of the light used is 5896 Å and distance D between the screen and slits is 100 cm. It is found that the angular width of the fringes is 0.20°. To increase the fringe angular width to 0.21° (with same λ and D) the separation between the slits needs to be changed to
 - $(1) \quad 1{\cdot}8\ mm$
 - $(2) \quad 1{\cdot}9 \; mm$
 - (3) 1·7 mm
 - $(4) \quad 2{\cdot}1 \ mm$
- 13. An astronomical refracting telescope will have large angular magnification and high angular resolution, when it has an objective lens of
 - $(1) \quad small \ focal \ length \ and \ large \ diameter$
 - $(2) \quad \ \ {\rm large \ focal \ length \ and \ small \ diameter}$
 - (3) small focal length and small diameter
 - (4) large focal length and large diameter
- 14. Unpolarised light is incident from air on a plane surface of a material of refractive index ' μ '. At a particular angle of incidence 'i', it is found that the reflected and refracted rays are perpendicular to each other. Which of the following options is correct for this situation ?
 - (1) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector parallel to the plane of incidence
 - (2) Reflected light is polarised with its electric vector perpendicular to the plane of incidence

(3)
$$i = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$$

(4) $i = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right)$

- 15. An em wave is propagating in a medium with a velocity V = Vi. The instantaneous oscillating electric field of this em wave is along +y axis. Then the direction of oscillating magnetic field of the em wave will be along
 - (1) z direction
 - (2) + z direction
 - (3) x direction
 - (4) y direction
- 16. The refractive index of the material of a prism is √2 and the angle of the prism is 30°. One of the two refracting surfaces of the prism is made a mirror inwards, by silver coating. A beam of monochromatic light entering the prism from the other face will retrace its path (after reflection from the silvered surface) if its angle of incidence on the prism is
 - (1) 60°
 - (2) 45°
 - (3) zero
 - (4) 30°
- 17. An object is placed at a distance of 40 cm from a concave mirror of focal length 15 cm. If the object is displaced through a distance of 20 cm towards the mirror, the displacement of the image will be
 - (1) 30 cm away from the mirror
 - (2) 36 cm away from the mirror
 - (3) 36 cm towards the mirror
 - (4) 30 cm towards the mirror
- 18. The magnetic potential energy stored in a certain inductor is 25 mJ, when the current in the inductor is 60 mA. This inductor is of inductance
 - (1) **0**·138 H
 - (2) 138.88 H
 - (3) 13·89 H
 - $(4) \quad 1{\cdot}389 \ H$

- For a radioactive material, half-life is 10 minutes. If initially there are 600 number of nuclei, the time taken (in minutes) for the disintegration of 450 nuclei is
 - (1) 20

19.

- (2) 10
- (3) 15
- (4) 30
- **20.** The ratio of kinetic energy to the total energy of an electron in a Bohr orbit of the hydrogen atom, is
 - (1) 1:1
 - (2) 1:-1
 - (3) 1:-2
 - $(4) \quad 2:-1$
 - An electron of mass m with an initial velocity $\overrightarrow{V} = V_0 \hat{i} (V_0 > 0)$ enters an electric field $\overrightarrow{E} = -E_0 \hat{i} (E_0 = \text{constant} > 0)$ at t = 0. If λ_0 is its de-Broglie wavelength initially, then its de-Broglie wavelength at time t is

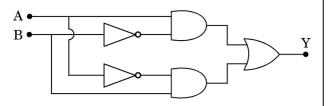
$$(1) \quad \frac{\lambda_0}{\left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0}t\right)}$$

$$(2) \quad \lambda_0 \left(1 + \frac{eE_0}{mV_0}t\right)$$

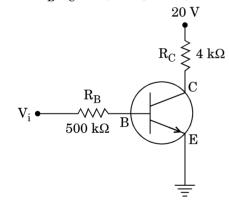
$$(3) \quad \lambda_0$$

- $(4) \quad \lambda_0 \, t$
- 22. When the light of frequency $2v_0$ (where v_0 is threshold frequency), is incident on a metal plate, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted is v_1 . When the frequency of the incident radiation is increased to $5v_0$, the maximum velocity of electrons emitted from the same plate is v_2 . The ratio of v_1 to v_2 is
 - (1) 1:2
 - (2) 1:4
 - (3) 2:1
 - (4) 4:1

23. In the combination of the following gates the output Y can be written in terms of inputs A and B as



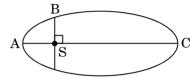
- (1) $\overline{\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}}$
- (2) A. \overline{B} + \overline{A} . B
- $(3) \qquad \overline{A+B}$
- (4) $\overline{\mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}} + \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{B}$
- 24. In the circuit shown in the figure, the input voltage V_i is 20 V, $V_{BE} = 0$ and $V_{CE} = 0$. The values of I_B , I_C and β are given by



- (1) $I_B = 40 \ \mu A, \ I_C = 10 \ mA, \ \beta = 250$
- (2) $I_B = 25 \ \mu A$, $I_C = 5 \ mA$, $\beta = 200$
- (3) $I_B = 40 \ \mu A, \ I_C = 5 \ mA, \ \beta = 125$
- (4) $I_B = 20 \ \mu A, \ I_C = 5 \ mA, \ \beta = 250$
- **25.** In a p-n junction diode, change in temperature due to heating
 - (1) affects only reverse resistance
 - (2) affects only forward resistance

 - (4) does not affect resistance of p-n junction

- A solid sphere is rotating freely about its symmetry axis in free space. The radius of the sphere is increased keeping its mass same. Which of the following physical quantities would remain constant for the sphere ?
 - (1) Angular velocity
 - (2) Moment of inertia
 - (3) Angular momentum
 - (4) Rotational kinetic energy
- 27. The kinetic energies of a planet in an elliptical orbit about the Sun, at positions A, B and C are K_A , K_B and K_C , respectively. AC is the major axis and SB is perpendicular to AC at the position of the Sun S as shown in the figure. Then



- (1) $K_A < K_B < K_C$
- (2) $K_A > K_B > K_C$
- (3) $K_B > K_A > K_C$
- $(4) \quad \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{B}} < \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{A}} < \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{C}}$
- **28.** If the mass of the Sun were ten times smaller and the universal gravitational constant were ten times larger in magnitude, which of the following is *not* correct ?
 - (1) Raindrops will fall faster.
 - (2) Walking on the ground would become more difficult.
 - (3) 'g' on the Earth will not change.
 - (4) Time period of a simple pendulum on the Earth would decrease.
- **29.** A solid sphere is in rolling motion. In rolling motion a body possesses translational kinetic energy (K_t) as well as rotational kinetic energy (K_r) simultaneously. The ratio $K_t : (K_t + K_r)$ for the sphere is
 - (1) 7:10
 - (2) 5:7
 - (3) 2:5
 - (4) 10:7

- 30. A small sphere of radius 'r' falls from rest in a viscous liquid. As a result, heat is produced due to viscous force. The rate of production of heat when the sphere attains its terminal velocity, is proportional to
 - (1) r^3
 - (2) r^2
 - (3) r^4
 - (4) r^5
- 31. A sample of 0.1 g of water at 100°C and normal pressure (1.013 × 10⁵ Nm⁻²) requires 54 cal of heat energy to convert to steam at 100°C. If the volume of the steam produced is 167.1 cc, the change in internal energy of the sample, is
 - (1) 104.3 J
 - (2) 208.7 J
 - (3) 84.5 J
 - (4) 42·2 J
- **32.** Two wires are made of the same material and have the same volume. The first wire has cross-sectional area A and the second wire has cross-sectional area 3A. If the length of the first wire is increased by Δl on applying a force F, how much force is needed to stretch the second wire by the same amount ?
 - (1) 9 F
 - (2) 6 F
 - (3) F
 - (4) 4 F

33. The power radiated by a black body is P and it radiates maximum energy at wavelength, λ_0 . If the temperature of the black body is now changed so that it radiates maximum energy at wavelength $\frac{3}{4}\lambda_0$, the power radiated by it becomes nP. The value of n is

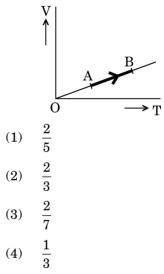
- (1)
- (2) $\frac{4}{3}$ (3) $\frac{81}{256}$ (4) $\frac{256}{81}$

At what temperature will the rms speed of oxygen molecules become just sufficient for escaping from the Earth's atmosphere ? (Given :

Mass of oxygen molecule (m) = 2.76×10^{-26} kg Boltzmann's constant k_B = 1.38×10^{-23} J K⁻¹)

- $(1) \quad 2{\cdot}508 \times 10^4 \; \mathrm{K}$
- $(2) \quad 8{\cdot}360\times 10^4 \; \mathrm{K}$
- $(3) \quad 1{\cdot}254\times 10^4 \ \mathrm{K}$
- (4) $5.016 \times 10^4 \text{ K}$

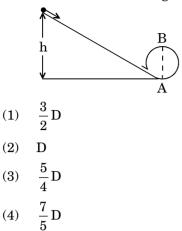
• The volume (V) of a monatomic gas varies with its temperature (T), as shown in the graph. The ratio of work done by the gas, to the heat absorbed by it, when it undergoes a change from state A to state B, is



The fundamental frequency in an open organ pipe is equal to the third harmonic of a closed organ pipe. If the length of the closed organ pipe is 20 cm, the length of the open organ pipe is

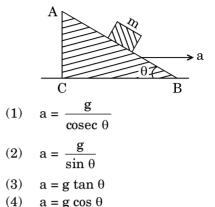
- (1) 13.2 cm
- (2) 8 cm
- (3) 16 cm
- (4) 12.5 cm
- **37.** The efficiency of an ideal heat engine working between the freezing point and boiling point of water, is
 - (1) 26.8%
 - (2) 20%
 - (3) 12.5%
 - (4) 6.25%

38. A body initially at rest and sliding along a frictionless track from a height h (as shown in the figure) just completes a vertical circle of diameter AB = D. The height h is equal to



- 39. Three objects, A : (a solid sphere), B : (a thin circular disk) and C : (a circular ring), each have the same mass M and radius R. They all spin with the same angular speed ω about their own symmetry axes. The amounts of work (W) required to bring them to rest, would satisfy the relation
 - (1) $W_C > W_B > W_A$
 - (2) $W_A > W_B > W_C$
 - $(3) \quad \mathrm{W}_\mathrm{A} > \mathrm{W}_\mathrm{C} > \mathrm{W}_\mathrm{B}$
 - $(4) \quad W_{\rm B} > W_{\rm A} > W_{\rm C}$
- **40.** Which one of the following statements is *incorrect* ?
 - (1) Rolling friction is smaller than sliding friction.
 - (2) Limiting value of static friction is directly proportional to normal reaction.
 - (3) Coefficient of sliding friction has dimensions of length.
 - (4) Frictional force opposes the relative motion.
- **41.** A moving block having mass m, collides with another stationary block having mass 4m. The lighter block comes to rest after collision. When the initial velocity of the lighter block is v, then the value of coefficient of restitution (e) will be
 - $(1) \quad 0.5$
 - $(2) \quad 0.25$
 - (3) 0.4
 - (4) 0.8

A block of mass m is placed on a smooth inclined wedge ABC of inclination θ as shown in the figure. The wedge is given an acceleration 'a' towards the right. The relation between a and θ for the block to remain stationary on the wedge is



- A toy car with charge q moves on a frictionless horizontal plane surface under the influence of a uniform electric field \vec{E} . Due to the force q \vec{E} , its velocity increases from 0 to 6 m/s in one second duration. At that instant the direction of the field is reversed. The car continues to move for two more seconds under the influence of this field. The average velocity and the average speed of the toy car between 0 to 3 seconds are respectively
 - (1) 2 m/s, 4 m/s
 - (2) 1 m/s, 3 m/s
 - (3) 1.5 m/s, 3 m/s
 - (4) 1 m/s, 3.5 m/s
- 44. The moment of the force, $\vec{F} = 4\hat{i} + 5\hat{j} 6\hat{k}$ at (2, 0, -3), about the point (2, -2, -2), is given by
 - (1) $-8\hat{i} 4\hat{j} 7\hat{k}$
 - (2) $-4\hat{i} \hat{i} 8\hat{k}$

(3)
$$-7\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 8\hat{k}$$

$$(4) \quad -7\, {\hat i} \ -8\, {\hat j} \ -4\, {\hat k}$$

- 45. A student measured the diameter of a small steel ball using a screw gauge of least count 0.001 cm. The main scale reading is 5 mm and zero of circular scale division coincides with 25 divisions above the reference level. If screw gauge has a zero error of -0.004 cm, the correct diameter of the ball is
 - (1) 0.521 cm
 - (2) 0.525 cm
 (3) 0.529 cm
 - (4) 0.053 cm

46.		difference between spermiogenesis and miation is	50.	 Match the items given in Column I with those i Column II and select the <i>correct</i> option give below : 						
	(1)	In spermiogenesis spermatids are formed,		belo	Column II					
		while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.		a. Proliferative Phase i.					Breakdown of endometrial	
	(2)	In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed,				lining				
		while in spermiation spermatids are formed.		b.		tory Pha				
	(3)	In spermiogenesis spermatozoa are formed,		c.	Menst	ruation		111.	Luteal Phase	
		while in spermiation spermatozoa are			a	b	C			
		released from sertoli cells into the cavity of		(1)	iii	ii	i			
		seminiferous tubules.		(2)	i	iii	ii			
	(4)	In spermiogenesis spermatozoa from sertoli		(3)	iii	i	ii			
		cells are released into the cavity of		(4)	ii	iii	i			
		seminiferous tubules, while in spermiation spermatozoa are formed.	51.	All o	of the fo	llowing	are pa	art o	f an operon <i>except</i>	
		spermatozoa are formea.		(1)	an ope	erator				
47.	The	amnion of mammalian embryo is derived		(2) structural genes						
	from			(3)	a pror	noter				
	(1) ectoderm and mesoderm			(4)	an enl	hancer				
	(2)	endoderm and mesoderm	52.	Aw	oman h	as an X	-linke	d coi	ndition on one of her	
	(3)	ectoderm and endoderm				somes.	This	ch	romosome can be	
	(4)	mesoderm and trophoblast			erited by	by y daughters				
				 (1) (2) 	Only only of O	-	rs			
48.	The	contraceptive 'SAHELI'		(2)	-	sons and	l dana	htor	•G	
	(1)	blocks estrogen receptors in the uterus,		(4)		grandch	-		5	
		preventing eggs from getting implanted.	-0							
	(2)	increases the concentration of estrogen and prevents ovulation in females.	53.		ution is		de V	ries	, the mechanism of	
	(3)	is a post-coital contraceptive.		(1)	Multi	ple step	mutat	ions	5	
	(4)	is an IUD.		(2)	Saltat	ion				
	(4)			(3)	Minor	mutati	ons			
49.	Horn	nones secreted by the placenta to maintain		(4)	Pheno	otypic va	ariatio	ns		
	preg	nancy are	54.					-	nce from the coding	
	(1)	hCG, hPL, progestogens, prolactin		strand of a gene. What will be the corresponding sequence of the transcribed mRNA ?						
	(2)	hCG, hPL, estrogens, relaxin, oxytocin		(1)		JAUCG				
	(3)	hCG, progestogens, estrogens,		(2)		TUTCG				
		glucocorticoids		(3)	UCCA	UAGC	GUA			
	(4)	hCG, hPL, progestogens, estrogens		(4)	ACCU	JAUGC	GAU			

55.	Among the following sets of examples for divergent evolution, select the <i>incorrect</i> option :	61.		of the following are included in 'Ex-situ servation' <i>except</i>
	(1) Forelimbs of man, bat and cheetah		(1)	Wildlife safari parks
	(2) Heart of bat, man and cheetah		(2)	Sacred groves
	(3) Eye of octopus, bat and man		(3)	Seed banks
	(4) Brain of bat, man and cheetah		(4)	Botanical gardens
56.	Conversion of milk to curd improves its	62.	Whi	ch part of poppy plant is used to obtain the
	nutritional value by increasing the amount of	02.		g "Smack" ?
	(1) Vitamin D		(1)	Flowers
	(2) Vitamin A		(2)	Latex
	(3) Vitamin E		(3)	Leaves
	(4) Vitamin B ₁₂		(4)	Roots
57.	Which of the following is <i>not</i> an autoimmune disease ?	63.	In a	growing population of a country,
	(1) Psoriasis		(1)	pre-reproductive individuals are more than
	(2) Rheumatoid arthritis			the reproductive individuals.
	(3) Vitiligo		(2)	reproductive individuals are less than the post-reproductive individuals.
	(4) Alzheimer's disease		(3)	pre-reproductive individuals are less than
50	The similarity of bone structure in the forelimbs		(0)	the reproductive individuals.
58.	of many vertebrates is an example of		(4)	reproductive and pre-reproductive
	(1) Homology			individuals are equal in number.
	(2) Analogy	64.	Whie	ch one of the following population
		-		0 1 1
	(3) Adaptive radiation			ractions is widely used in medical science for
	(3) Adaptive radiation(4) Convergent evolution		the _l	production of antibiotics ?
59.	(4) Convergent evolutionWhich of the following characteristics represent		the j (1)	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism
59.	(4) Convergent evolutionWhich of the following characteristics represent'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ?		the j (1) (2)	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism
59.	(4) Convergent evolutionWhich of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ?a. Dominance		the j (1) (2) (3)	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism
59.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance 		the j (1) (2)	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism
59.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele 	65.	the j (1) (2) (3) (4)	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism
59.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mate Colu	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in umn II and select the <i>correct</i> option given
59.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mate	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in umn II and select the <i>correct</i> option given w :
59.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e 	65.	the j (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colu belo	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in imn II and select the correct option given w: Column I Column II
59.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c 	65.	the j (1) (2) (3) (4) Mate Colu below	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in umn II and select the <i>correct</i> option given w: <i>Column I</i> Eutrophication i. UV-B radiation
59.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colu belo a. b.	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in imm II and select the <i>correct</i> option given w: <i>Column I</i> Eutrophication i. UV-B radiation Sanitary landfill ii. Deforestation
	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e (4) b, d and e 	65.	the j (1) (2) (3) (4) Mate Colu below	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in 1 and select the correct option given w: Column I Column I Eutrophication i. UV-B radiation Sanitary landfill ii. Deforestation Snow blindness iii.
59. 60.	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e (4) b, d and e In which disease does mosquito transmitted 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colu belov a. b. c.	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in imm II and select the <i>correct</i> option given w: <i>Column I</i> Eutrophication Sanitary landfill Snow blindness <i>Column I</i> <i>Column I</i> <i>Column II</i> <i>Column II</i> <i>Colum I</i>
	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e (4) b, d and e 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colu belo a. b.	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in amm II and select the correct option given w: Column I Column I Eutrophication i. UV-B radiation Sanitary landfill ii. Deforestation Snow blindness iii. Jhum cultivation iv.
	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e (4) b, d and e In which disease does mosquito transmitted pathogen cause chronic inflammation of 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colu belov a. b. c. d.	production of antibiotics ?CommensalismMutualismAmensalismParasitismch the items given in Column I with those in umn II and select the correct option given w:Column IColumn IEutrophicationi.UV-B radiation Sanitary landfillSnow blindnessiii.Nutrient enrichmentJhum cultivationiv.Waste disposal d
	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e (4) b, d and e In which disease does mosquito transmitted pathogen cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels ? 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colubelor a. b. c. d. (1)	production of antibiotics ?CommensalismMutualismAmensalismParasitismch the items given in Column I with those in numn II and select the correct option given w:Column IColumn IEutrophicationi.UV-B radiation Sanitary landfillSnow blindnessiii.Nutrient enrichmentJhum cultivationiv.Waste disposal iiiabcdiii </th
	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e (4) b, d and e In which disease does mosquito transmitted pathogen cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels ? (1) Elephantiasis 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colu below a. b. c. d. (1) (2)	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with th
	 (4) Convergent evolution Which of the following characteristics represent 'Inheritance of blood groups' in humans ? a. Dominance b. Co-dominance c. Multiple allele d. Incomplete dominance e. Polygenic inheritance (1) b, c and e (2) a, b and c (3) a, c and e (4) b, d and e In which disease does mosquito transmitted pathogen cause chronic inflammation of lymphatic vessels ? (1) Elephantiasis (2) Ascariasis 	65.	the p (1) (2) (3) (4) Mata Colubelor a. b. c. d. (1)	production of antibiotics ? Commensalism Mutualism Amensalism Parasitism ch the items given in Column I with those in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with the items given in the items given in Column I with th

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66.	Whi	ch of	f the	follo	wing	options correctly	69.	Whi	ch of the following is	an amino acid derived				
	-		s the l ⁱ na, resp	ung co	ondit	ions in asthma and			hormone ?					
	(1)		mmatic ratory :			nchioles; Decreased		(1)	Epinephrine					
	(2)	Increased number of bronchioles; Increased					(2) Ecdysone							
		-	ratory			2		(3)	Estriol					
	(3)		eased mmatic	resp on of b				(4)	Estradiol					
	(4)	Incre	eased mmatic	respi			70	TT71 ·						
~	.						70.		ch of the following st prrectly paired with it	tructures or regions is is function ?				
67.						lumn I with those in correct option given		(1)	Medulla oblongata :	controls respiration				
	belo	w:						(1)	meduna obioligata .	and cardiovascular				
		Colu		_		Column II				reflexes.				
	a.	Tricu	ιspid vε	alve	i.	Between left atrium and left ventricle		(2)	Limbic system :	consists of fibre tracts that				
	b.	Bicus	spid val	lve	ii.	Between right				interconnect				
						ventricle and				different regions of brain; controls				
	c.	Somi	lunar v	متاور	iii.	pulmonary artery Between right				movement.				
	ι.	Senn	iunai v	alve	111.	atrium and right		(3)	Corpus callosum :	band of fibers				
						ventricle				connecting left and				
	(1)	a iii	b і	с ii						right cerebral hemispheres.				
	(2)	i	iii	ii				(4)	Hypothalamus :	1				
	(3)	ii	i	iii						releasing hormones and regulation of				
	(4)	i	ii	iii						temperature, hunger and thirst.				
68.						lumn I with those in correct option given				nunger und uniou				
	belo		i unu i			Server option given	71.	The	transparent lens in th	ne human eye is held in				
		Colu	mn I			Column II		its p	blace by					
	a.	Tidal	l volum	e		i. 2500 – 3000 mL		(1)	ligaments attached to					
	b.	Inspi volur	ratory	Reserv	ve	ii. 1100 – 1200 mL		(2)) smooth muscles attached to the ciliary body					
	0		ne ratory l	Docom	0	iii. 500 – 550 mL		(3)						
	c.	volur	-	LLESEI V	e	III. 500 – 550 IIIL		(4)	(4) smooth muscles attached to the iris					
	d.	Resid	dual vol	lume		iv. 1000 – 1100 mL	72.			hormones can play a				
		a	b	С	(1		-	ificant role in osteopor					
	(1)	iii	ii	i		v		(1)	Aldosterone and Prol					
	(2)	iii	i 	iv	i			(2)	Progesterone and Ald					
	(3)	iv	iii	ii 	i			(3)	Parathyroid hormone					
	(4)	i Z/Page	iv	ii		ii		(4)	Estrogen and Parath	Finalish				

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73.	Whi	ch of the following gastric cells indirectly	77.	Select the <i>incorrect</i> match :			
	help	o in erythropoiesis ?		(1) Lampbrush – Diplotene bivalents chromosomes			
	(1)	Chief cells		(2) Allosomes – Sex chromosomes			
	(2)	Mucous cells		(3) Polytene – Oocytes of amphibians			
	(3)	Parietal cells		chromosomes			
	(4)	Goblet cells		(4) Submetacentric – L-shaped chromososmes chromosomes			
74.	Mat	ch the items given in Column I with those in	78.	Nissl bodies are mainly composed of			
	Colı	umn II and select the <i>correct</i> option given		(1) Proteins and lipids			
	belo	w :		(2) DNA and RNA			
		Column I Column II		(3) Free ribosomes and RER			
	a.	Fibrinogen i. Osmotic balance		(4) Nucleic acids and SER			
	b.	Globulin ii. Blood clotting	79.	Which of these statements is <i>incorrect</i> ?			
	с.	Albumin iii. Defence mechanism		(1) Enzymes of TCA cycle are present in mitochondrial matrix.			
		a b c		(2) Glycolysis occurs in cytosol.			
	(1)	iii ii i		(3) Oxidative phosphorylation takes place in outer mitochondrial membrane.			
	(2) (3)	i ii iii ii iii i		(4) Glycolysis operates as long as it is supplied with NAD that can pick up hydrogen atoms.			
	(4)	i iii ii	00				
75.	Whi	ch of the following is an occupational	80.	Which of the following events does <i>not</i> occur in rough endoplasmic reticulum ?			
10.		biratory disorder ?		(1) Protein folding			
	(1)	Anthracis		(2) Protein glycosylation			
				(3) Phospholipid synthesis			
	(2)	Silicosis		(4) Cleavage of signal peptide			
	(3)		81.	Many ribosomes may associate with a single			
	(4)	Botulism		mRNA to form multiple copies of a polypeptide simultaneously. Such strings of ribosomes are			
76.	Calc	ium is important in skeletal muscle		termed as			
	cont	raction because it		(1) Polysome			
	(1)	binds to troponin to remove the masking of		(2) Polyhedral bodies			
		active sites on actin for myosin.		(3) Nucleosome			
	(2)	activates the myosin ATPase by binding to		(4) Plastidome			
	(2)		82.	Which of the following terms describe human dentition?			
	(3)	prevents the formation of bonds between the myosin cross bridges and the actin		(1) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Homodont			
		filament.		(2) Thecodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont			
	(4)	detaches the myosin head from the actin		(3) Pleurodont, Diphyodont, Heterodont			
		filament.		(4) Pleurodont, Monophyodont, Homodont			
	~^/77	/Page 11 Downloadost (Carona					

83.		atify the vertebrate group of animals racterized by crop and gizzard in its digestive em. Amphibia							
	(1) (2)	Reptilia			Colu	mn I			Column II
	(3)	Osteichthyes			(Fun	ction)			(Part of Excretory System)
	(4)	Aves		a.	Ultra	afiltration	ı	i.	Henle's loop
84.	Whi hom	ch one of these animals is not a neotherm?		b.		entration			Ureter
	(1)	Macropus							TT · 11 11
	(2)	Chelone		c.	urine	sport of e		111.	Urinary bladder
	(3)	Psittacula		d.	Stora	age of uri	ne	iv.	Malpighian
	(4)	Camelus				0			corpuscle
85.		ch of the following features is used to identify ale cockroach from a female cockroach ?						v.	Proximal convoluted tubule
	(1)	Presence of a boat shaped sternum on the			a	b	С	d	l
		9 th abdominal segment		(1)	iv	v	ii	ii	i
	(2)	Presence of caudal styles		(2)	iv	i	ii	ii	i
	(3)	Presence of anal cerci		(3)	v	iv	i	ii	i
	(4)	Forewings with darker tegmina		(4)	v	iv	i	ii	
86.		ch of the following organisms are known as f producers in the oceans ?	90.						umn I with those in
	(1)	Dinoflagellates				I and se	lect t	he c	orrect option given
	(2)	Diatoms		belo	w:				
	(3)	Euglenoids			Colu	mn I		Co	lumn II
	(4)	Cyanobacteria		a.	Glyc	osuria	i.		umulation of uric in joints
87.		ates differ from all other protozoans in		1	a 4				-
	(1)	using flagella for locomotion		b.	Gout				s of crystallised s within the kidney
	(2)	having a contractile vacuole for removing excess water		c.	Rena	l calculi	iii.	Infla	ammation in neruli
	(3)	having two types of nuclei			~ 1	-		-	
	(4)	using pseudopodia for capturing prey		d.	Glon neph	nerular ritis	iv.	Pres urin	sence of glucose in le
88.		ch of the following animals does <i>not</i> undergo amorphosis ?			a	b	с	d	
	(1)	Earthworm		(1)	iii	ii	iv	i	
	(2)	Tunicate		(2)	i	ii	iii	iv	V
	(3)	Starfish		(3)	iv	i	ii	ii	i
	(4)	Moth		(4)	ii	iii	i	iv	7

91.	what is the role of with in centular	98.	Which among the following is <i>not</i> a prokaryote ?(1) Saccharomyces
	respiration ?(1) It functions as an enzyme.		 Saccharomyces Mycobacterium
	 It functions as an enzyme. It functions as an electron carrier. 		(3) Oscillatoria
	(3) It is the final electron acceptor for anaerobic		(4) Nostoc
	respiration.	99.	The two functional groups characteristic of
	(4) It is a nucleotide source for ATP synthesis.		sugars are
92.	Which one of the following plants shows a very		(1) hydroxyl and methyl
	close relationship with a species of moth, where		(2) carbonyl and methyl
	none of the two can complete its life cycle without		(3) carbonyl and hydroxyl
	the other ? (1) Hydrilla		(4) carbonyl and phosphate
	 (1) Hydrilla (2) Yucca 	100.	Which of the following is not a product of light
	(2) Tuccu (3) Viola		reaction of photosynthesis ?
	(4) Banana		(1) ATP
09			(2) NADH
93.	Oxygen is not produced during photosynthesis by		(3) Oxygen
	 Green sulphur bacteria Nostoc 		(4) NADPH
	(2) Nostoc (3) Chara	101.	Stomatal movement is <i>not</i> affected by
	(4) Cycas		(1) Temperature
	·		(2) Light
94.	In which of the following forms is iron absorbed		(3) CO_2 concentration
	by plants ? (1) Ferric		(4) O_2 concentration
	(1) Ferrous	102.	The Golgi complex participates in
	(3) Both ferric and ferrous		(1) Fatty acid breakdown
	(4) Free element		(2) Formation of secretory vesicles
95.	Double fertilization is		(3) Activation of amino acid
00.	(1) Fusion of two male gametes of a pollen tube		(4) Respiration in bacteria
	with two different eggs	103.	Which of the following is true for nucleolus ?
	(2) Fusion of one male gamete with two polar		(1) Larger nucleoli are present in dividing cells.
	nuclei		(2) It is a membrane-bound structure.
	(3) Syngamy and triple fusion		(3) It is a site for active ribosomal RNA
	(4) Fusion of two male gametes with one egg		synthesis.
96.	Which of the following elements is responsible for		(4) It takes part in spindle formation.
	maintaining turgor in cells ? (1) Magnesium	104.	C
	 Magnesium Sodium 		(1) Dumb-bell shaped
	(2) Solutin (3) Calcium		(2) Kidney shaped
	(4) Potassium		(3) Barrel shaped
07			(4) Rectangular
97.	Pollen grains can be stored for several years in liquid pitrogen having a temperature of	105.	
	liquid nitrogen having a temperature of		homologous chromosomes begins is
	(1) $-120^{\circ}C$ (2) $-200^{\circ}C$		(1) Pachytene
	$(2) - 80^{\circ}C$		(2) Diplotene
	(3) -160° C		(3) Zygotene
	(4) $-196^{\circ}C$		(4) Diakinesis

lymphocytes ?pneumoniae(1) Retrovirus(2) Ti plasmid(2) Affred Hershey and $-$ TMV(2) Ti plasmid(2) Affred Hershey and $-$ TMV(3) pBR 322(3) Francois Jacob and $-$ Lac operon(4) λ phage(3) Francois Jacob and $-$ Lac operon(10) Use of bioresources by multinational companies(3) Francois Jacob and $-$ Lac operon(4) λ phage(3) Einerploitation(5) Bioexploitation(4) Matthew Meselson $-$ Pisum saticun(3) Bioexploitation(4) Biodegradation(4) Biodegradation(1) Oll content(5) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSR)(2) Calulosic intine(3) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC)(4) Plant(3) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC)(4) Plant(4) Research Committee on Genetic (GEAC)(2) ARO blood grouping : Co-dominance(3) Denaturation, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation (3) Denaturation, Annealing(1) Meiotic divisions (3) Parthenogenesis(4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction(1) Meiotic divisions (3) Parthenogenesis(4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction(1) Splicesomes take part in translation.(11) A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign ompany, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to remain and f. Sub origination such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to remain and f. Sub origination(3) Martia Could and the following flowers only once in (1) Meiotic divisions (2) Partensogenesis(4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction(5) Pay Sub varie	106.	Which of the following is commonly used as a vector for introducing a DNA fragment in human		Select the <i>correct</i> match : (1) Alec Jeffreys – <i>Streptococcus</i>
 (2) Ti plasmid (3) pBR 322 (4) λ phage (4) λ phage (5) Francois Jacob and - Lac operon Jacques Monod (4) Bio-infringement (5) Bioexploitation (6) Bioexploitation (7) Bioexploitation (8) Bioexploitation (9) Bioexploitation (10) Bioexploitation (2) Bioexploitation (3) Erancois Jacob and - Lac operon Jacques Monod (4) Matthe Meselson - Pisum satioun and F. Stahl (3) Bioexploitation (4) Biodegradation (5) Cellulosic intine (3) Sporopollenin (4) Oil content (5) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSR) (4) Research (CSR) (5) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSR) (4) Research (CSR) (5) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSR) (6) Content The experimental proof for semiconservati replication of DNA was first shown in a (1) Fungus (3) Centeic Engineering Appraisal Committe (GEAC) (4) Research (CSR) (5) The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is (1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension (4) Denaturation, Annealing (2) F₂ × Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel - Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (11) Kibozyme - Nucleic acid (2) F₂ × Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel - Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (5) Parthenocarpy (11) Kibozyme - Nucleic acid (2) F₂ × Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel - Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (5) Parthenocarpy (6) Select the correct statement : (7) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (3) Denaturation, such varieties have bereits have benerging propulation (2) Parthenocarpy (3) Spilecosomes		lymphocytes ?		
(3) $pBR 322$ (4) λ phage(3) $PBR 322$ (4) λ phage(3) Lac operon(4) λ phage(5) Lac operon(6) Lac operon(7) Lac operon(8) Lac operon(9) Lac operon(1) $Bio-infringement$ (2) $Bioexploitation$ (3) $Bioexploitation$ (4) $Biodegradation$ (5) Lac operon(6) Lac operon(7) Lac operon(8) Lac operon(9) Lac operon(1) $Extension, Denaturation, Reaction (PCR) is(10)Select the correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain(11)Extension, Denaturation, Annealing(12)Annealing, Extension, Denaturation(13)Extension, Denaturation, Annealing(14)Research Committee(15)Reaction (PCR) is(16)Ciscare produced by(17)Eilex the correct match:(18)Eilex the correct match:(19)Eilex the correct match:(11)Select the correct match:(12)F_2 \times Reeesive parent - Dihybrid cross(3)G. Mendel- Transformation(4)T.H. Morgan- Transformation(4)T.H. Morgan- Transformation(11)A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign(12)F_2 \times Reeesaive parent - Dihybrid cross(3)G. Mendel$		(1) Retrovirus		(2) Alfred Hershey and – TMV
 (4) A phage (5) pDR 022 (4) A phage (7) Use of bioresources by multinational companies and organisations without authorisation from the concerned country and its people is called (1) Bio-infringement (2) Biopiracy (3) Bioexploitation (4) Biodegradation (4) Biodegradation (5) Delenkitt (2) Cellulosic intine (3) Sporpollenin (4) Oil content (4) Oil content (5) Sporpollenin (4) Oil content (6) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) (6) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC) (4) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) (5) Encerter order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is (1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Qenaturation, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation (3) Denaturation, Annealing (4) Panttenogenesis (5) Evert the correct match: (1) Ribozyme – Nucleic acid (2) F₂×Recessive parent – Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction (5) Farwalcuton was discovered by S. Altmar (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (5) Furst, and the select by a foreign ormpany, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to 		(2) Ti plasmid		
 (4) A phage (5) Lise of bioresources by multinational companies and organisations without authorisation from the concerned country and its people is called (1) Bio-infringement (2) Biopiracy (3) Bioexploitation (4) Biodegradation (4) Biodegradation (5) Bioexploitation (4) Biodegradation (5) Bioexploitation (6) Columbia the safety of introducing genetically modified organisms for public use is (1) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) (2) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) (3) Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) (4) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) (5) Chenetic Tengineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC) (4) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) (5) Chanealing, Extension, Denaturation (6) Denaturation, Annealing (7) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation (8) Denaturation, Annealing (9) Rescensive parent - Dihybrid cross (1) Ribozyme - Nucleic acid (2) F₂ × Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel - Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (5) F₁ × arecessive parent - Dihybrid cross (6) G. Mendel - Transformation (7) Fansduction was discovered by S. Altmar (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (3) Transduction was discovered by S. Altmar (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. 		(3) pBR 322		· · · · · · · · ·
107. Use of bioresources by multinational companies and organisations without authorisation from the concerned country and its people is called (1) Bio-infringement 		(4) λ phage		_
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 (2) Biopiracy (3) Bioexploitation (4) Biodegradation (5) Entiregrammental (6) Entiregrammental (7) Pollenkitt (8) Cellulosic intine (9) Council for semiconservati (1) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) (2) Council for Scientific and Industrial (3) Genetic Engineering Appraisal Committee (GEAC) (4) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) (1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation (3) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension (4) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Annealing (3) Gendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction (5) G. Mendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction (5) G. Mendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction (5) G. Mendel – Transformation (6) Mendel – Transformation (7) Fay-X Recessive parent – Dihybrid cross (8) G. Mendel – Transformation (9) The w' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to 			110.	
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 (GEAC) (4) Research Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) 109. The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is (1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation (3) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension (4) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing 110. Select the <i>correct</i> match: (1) Ribozyme – Nucleic acid (2) F₂ × Recessive parent – Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction 111. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to 			l	
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 109. The correct order of steps in Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) is (1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation (3) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension (4) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing 110. Select the <i>correct</i> match: (1) Ribozyme Nucleic acid (2) F₂ × Recessive parent Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan Transduction 111. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to 			;	$(1) {\rm Starch \ synthesis \ in \ pea} : {\rm Multiple \ alleles}$
 10. Find the correct of a long time of ynterfact of hard of a long time. This is related to a long time. This is rela		Manipulation (RCGM)		(2) ABO blood grouping : Co-dominance
 (1) Intention, Denaturation, Innealing (2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation, Sectension, Annealing (3) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (4) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (5) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (6) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (1) Meiotic divisions (2) Mitotic divisions (3) Parthenogenesis (4) Parthenocarpy (5) F₂× Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel - Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (5) Figs and the second seco	109.		L	
 (3) Denaturation, Annealing, Extension (4) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (5) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (6) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (7) Meiotic divisions (2) Mitotic divisions (3) Parthenogenesis (4) Parthenocarpy (5) G. Mendel - Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (5) G. Mendel - Transduction (6) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (7) Meiotic divisions (9) Mitotic divisions (1) Meiotic divisions (2) Mitotic divisions (3) Parthenogenesis (4) Parthenocarpy (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (2) Punnett square was developed by a Britis scientist. (3) Transduction was discovered by S. Altmar (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. 		(1) Extension, Denaturation, Annealing		determination
 (d) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (e) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing (f) Ribozyme - Nucleic acid (f) Ribozyme - Nucleic acid (g) F₂× Recessive parent - Dihybrid cross (g) G. Mendel - Transformation (h) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (i) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (i) T.H. Morgan - Transduction (i) Fanklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (j) Punnett square was developed by a Britis scientist. (k) Parthenocarpy (k) Parthenoter (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (k) Parthenoter (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (k) Parthenoter (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (k) Parthenoter (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (k) Parthenoter (2) Punnett square was developed by a Britis scientist. (k) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (k) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (k) Splice time 2 		(2) Annealing, Extension, Denaturation	116.	
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 110. Select the <i>correct</i> match: (1) Ribozyme (2) F₂×Recessive parent (3) G. Mendel (4) T.H. Morgan (5) Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan (5) Transduction 111. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to (4) Parthenocarpy (5) Parthenocarpy (6) Parthenocarpy (1) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (2) Punnett square was developed by a Briting scientist. (3) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (5) Which of the following flowers only once in the following flowers on the following flo		(4) Denaturation, Extension, Annealing		
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 (2) F₂×Recessive parent – Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction 111. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to (2) F₂×Recessive parent – Dihybrid cross (3) G. Mendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction (5) Franklin Stahl coined the term "linkage". (2) Punnett square was developed by a Briti scientist. (3) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. (5) High figure 2 		(1) Ribozyme – Nucleic acid	117.	
 (3) G. Mendel – Transformation (4) T.H. Morgan – Transduction 111. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to (2) Punnett square was developed by a Briting scientist. (3) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. 118. Which of the following flowers only once in the following flowers only once in the following flowers only once in the following flowers on the following flo		-		
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 111. A 'new' variety of rice was patented by a foreign company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to (3) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman (4) Spliceosomes take part in translation. 118. Which of the following flowers only once in the following flowers on the following flow				
company, though such varieties have been present in India for a long time. This is related to 118. Which of the following flowers only once in the following flowers on the following		-		(3) Transduction was discovered by S. Altman.
	111.	company, though such varieties have been		
(1) C_{0} - 007		(1) Co-667		life-time ?
(2) Sharbati Sonora (1) Bamboo species				-
(2) Bagmati				
(3)Dasmatr(3)Papaya(4)Lerma Rojo(4)Mango				1 0

119.	Nich	le is	125.	Mat	ch the	items	given	ı in Colu	ımn I with those in		
	(1)	all the biological factors in the organism's environment				and	select	the <i>co</i>	rrect option given		
	(2)	the physical space where an organism lives		belo				0.1			
	(2)	the functional role played by the organism							Column II It is a place having a		
	(-)	where it lives		a.	Herba	arium	1.	-	on of preserved		
	(4)	the range of temperature that the organism							and animals.		
		needs to live		b.	Key		ii.	-	hat enumerates		
120.		tratosphere, which of the following elements						method	lically all the		
		as a catalyst in degradation of ozone and ase of molecular oxygen ?						-	found in an area		
	(1)	Carbon							ief description		
	(2)	Cl			Muse		iii.	-	identification.		
	(3)	Oxygen		c.	muse	um		_	ce where dried and l plant specimens		
	(4)	Fe						-	ed on sheets are		
121.	Wha	t type of ecological pyramid would be						kept.			
	obta	ined with the following data ?		d.	Catal	ogue	iv.		let containing a list		
		Secondary consumer : 120 g							acters and their		
		Primary consumer : 60 g							tes which are in identification of		
	<i>(</i> ,)	Primary producer : 10 g						various			
	(1)	Inverted pyramid of biomass			a	b	с	d			
	(2)	Pyramid of energy		(1)	i	iv	iii	ii			
	(3)	Upright pyramid of biomass		(2)	iii	ii	i	iv			
	(4)	Upright pyramid of numbers		(3)	iii	iv	i	ii			
122.		ch of the following is a secondary pollutant ?		(4)	ii	iv	iii	i			
	(1)	СО	126.	Whi	ch one	is wro	ongly	matche	d ?		
	(2)	CO_2		(1)	Unifla	agellat	te gan	netes –	Polysiphonia		
	(3)	O ₃		(2)				pores –			
	(4)	SO_2		(3)			0	nism –			
123	Wor	ld Ozone Day is celebrated on		(4)	Gemr	na cup	s	_	Marchantia		
120.			127.	Afte	r karyo	ogamy	follo	wed by	meiosis, spores are		
	(1)	5 th June		-	luced e	U	•	in			
	(2)	21 st April		(1) (2)	Neuro Alterr	ospora					
	(3)	22 nd April		(2)		aromy	vces				
	(4)	16 th September		(4)	Agari						
124.	Nata	ality refers to	128.	Win	ged pol	len gr	ains a	are prese	ent in		
	(1)	Death rate		(1)	Must	-		•			
	(2)	Birth rate		(2)	Cycas						
	(3)	Number of individuals entering a habitat		(3)	Pinus						
	(4)	Number of individuals leaving the habitat		(4)	Mang	0					

129.		umatophores occur in	136.		correct order of N-compounds in its
	(1)	Halophytes			easing order of oxidation states is
	(2)	Free-floating hydrophytes		(1)	HNO_3 , NO, N ₂ , NH ₄ Cl
	(3)	Submerged hydrophytes		(2)	HNO_3 , NO, $\mathrm{NH}_4\mathrm{Cl}$, N_2
	(4)	Carnivorous plants		(3)	$\rm NH_4Cl, N_2, NO, HNO_3$
130.	Plan (1)	ts having little or no secondary growth are Grasses		(4)	$\rm HNO_3, \rm NH_4Cl, \rm NO, \rm N_2$
	(2)	Deciduous angiosperms	137.	The	correct order of atomic radii in group 13
	(3)	Cycads			nents is
	(4)	Conifers		(1)	B < Al < In < Ga < Tl
131.	Casp	oarian strips occur in		(2)	B < Al < Ga < In < Tl
	(1)	Epidermis		(3)	B < Ga < Al < In < Tl
	(2)	Pericycle		(4)	B < Ga < Al < Tl < In
	(3)	Endodermis	128	Conc	sidering Ellingham diagram, which of the
	(4)	Cortex	100.		wing metals can be used to reduce alumina?
132.		ndary xylem and phloem in dicot stem are		(1)	Fe
	-	luced by		(2)	Zn
	(1)	Apical meristems		(3)	Cu
	(2) (3)	Vascular cambium Axillary meristems		(4)	Mg
	(3)	Phellogen	190		-
100		-	199.		ch one of the following elements is unable to MF_6^{3-} ion ?
133.	(1)	ct the <i>wrong</i> statement : Cell wall is present in members of Fungi			0
	(1)	and Plantae.		(1) (2)	Ga Al
	(2)	Mushrooms belong to Basidiomycetes.			
	(3)	Mitochondria are the powerhouse of the cell		(3)	In
	(4)	in all kingdoms except Monera. Pseudopodia are locomotory and feeding		(4)	В
	(4)	structures in Sporozoans.	140.		ch of the following statements is <i>not</i> true for gens ?
134.		ch of the following statements is <i>correct</i> ?		(1)	All form monobasic oxyacids.
	(1)	Ovules are not enclosed by ovary wall in		(2)	All are oxidizing agents.
	(2)	gymnosperms. Selaginella is heterosporous, while Salvinia		(3)	Chlorine has the highest electron-gain enthalpy.
	(3)	is homosporous. Stems are usually unbranched in both <i>Cycas</i> and <i>Cedrus</i> .		(4)	All but fluorine show positive oxidation states.
	(4)	Horsetails are gymnosperms.	141.	In th	ne structure of ClF ₃ , the number of lone pairs
135.		et potato is a modified			ectrons on central atom 'Cl' is
1901	(1)	Stem		(1)	one
	(1)	Adventitious root		(2)	two
	(3)	Rhizome		(3)	three
	(4)	Tap root		(4)	four

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- 142. The difference between amylose and amylopectin |147. The compound A on treatment with Na gives B, is
 - (1)Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4$ α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \alpha$ -linkage
 - (2) $1 \rightarrow 4$ Amylose have α -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage
 - (3)Amylose is made up of glucose and galactose
 - (4)Amylopectin have $1 \rightarrow 4 \alpha$ -linkage and $1 \rightarrow 6 \beta$ -linkage
- 143. Regarding cross-linked or network polymers, which of the following statements is *incorrect*?
 - (1)They contain covalent bonds between various linear polymer chains.
 - They are formed from bi- and tri-functional (2)monomers.
 - They contain strong covalent bonds in their (3)polymer chains.
 - (4)Examples are bakelite and melamine.
- 144. A mixture of $2\cdot 3$ g formic acid and $4\cdot 5$ g oxalic acid is treated with conc. H_2SO_4 . The evolved gaseous mixture is passed through KOH pellets. Weight (in g) of the remaining product at STP will be
 - (1)1.4
 - (2) $3 \cdot 0$
 - (3) $4 \cdot 4$
 - (4)2.8
- 145. Which of the following oxides is most acidic in nature?
 - (1)MgO
 - (2)BeO
 - (3)CaO
 - (4)BaO
- 146. Nitration of aniline in strong acidic medium also 150. Which oxide of nitrogen is not a common gives m-nitroaniline because
 - (1)In spite of substituents nitro group always goes to only m-position.
 - (2)In electrophilic substitution reactions amino group is meta directive.
 - In acidic (strong) medium aniline is present (3)as anilinium ion.
 - In absence of substituents nitro group (4)always goes to m-position.

- and with PCl₅ gives C. B and C react together to give diethyl ether. A, B and C are in the order
 - $C_2H_5OH, C_2H_6, C_2H_5Cl$ (1)
 - (2)C₂H₅OH, C₂H₅Cl, C₂H₅ONa
 - C₂H₅OH, C₂H₅ONa, C₂H₅Cl (3)
 - C₂H₅Cl, C₂H₆, C₂H₅OH (4)
- **148.** Hydrocarbon (A) reacts with bromine by substitution to form an alkyl bromide which by Wurtz reaction is converted to gaseous hydrocarbon containing less than four carbon atoms. (A) is
 - $CH \equiv CH$ (1)
 - (2) $CH_2 = CH_2$
 - (3) CH_4
 - $CH_3 CH_3$ (4)
- 149. The compound C_7H_8 undergoes the following reactions :

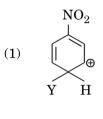
$$C_7H_8 \xrightarrow{3 \operatorname{Cl}_2/\Delta} A \xrightarrow{\operatorname{Br}_2/\operatorname{Fe}} B \xrightarrow{\operatorname{Zn}/\operatorname{HCl}} C$$

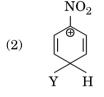
The product 'C' is

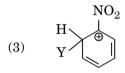
- (1)*m*-bromotoluene
- (2)o-bromotoluene
- (3)*p*-bromotoluene
- 3-bromo-2,4,6-trichlorotoluene (4)
- pollutant introduced into the atmosphere both due to natural and human activity?
 - (1) N_2O_5
 - (2) NO_2
 - (3)NO
 - (4) N_2O

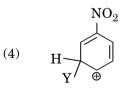
151. Which of the following molecules represents the 154. In the reaction order of hybridisation sp^2 , sp^2 , sp, sp from left to right atoms?

- $HC \equiv C C \equiv CH$ (1)
- $CH_2 = CH C \equiv CH$ (2)
- (3) $CH_3 - CH = CH - CH_3$
- $CH_2 = CH CH = CH_2$ (4)
- 152. Which of the following carbocations is expected to be most stable?









- 153. Which of the following is correct with respect to - I effect of the substituents ? (R = alkyl)
 - $(1) NH_2 < -OR < -F$
 - $(2) NR_{2} < -OR < -F$
 - $(3) NR_2 > OR > F$
 - $(4) NH_2 > OR > F$

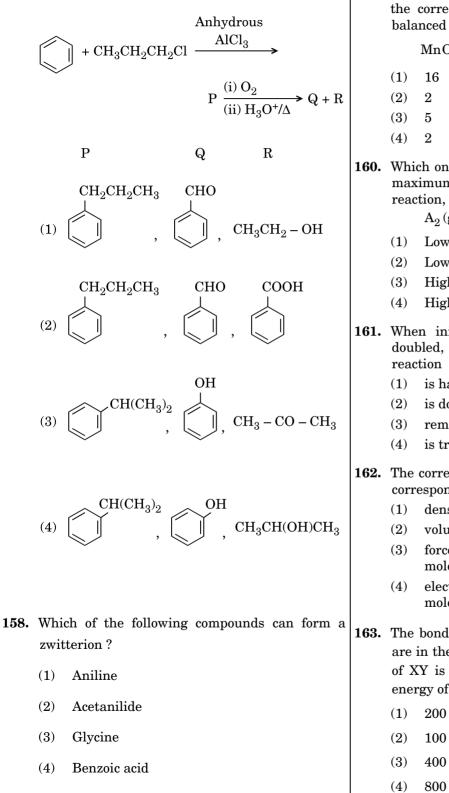
OH O⁻Na⁺ CHO + CHCl₃ + NaOH — \bigcirc 0 the electrophile involved is (1)dichloromethyl cation (CHCl₂) Ð formyl cation (CHO) (2)(3)dichlorocarbene (:CCl₂) (4)dichloromethyl anion (CHCl₂) 155. Carboxylic acids have higher boiling points than aldehvdes, ketones and even alcohols of comparable molecular mass. It is due to their formation of intramolecular H-bonding (1)(2)formation of carboxylate ion (3)formation of intermolecular H-bonding (4)more extensive association of carboxylic acid via van der Waals force of attraction 156. Compound A, $C_8H_{10}O$, is found to react with NaOI (produced by reacting Y with NaOH) and yields a yellow precipitate with characteristic smell. A and Y are respectively $^{\prime}$ ____ CH $_2$ – OH and I $_2$ H_3C -(1)– CH_2 – CH_2 – OH and I_2 (2)

(3)
$$CH_3 \longrightarrow OH \text{ and } I_2$$

(4)
$$(4) \longrightarrow CH - CH_3 \text{ and } I_2$$

OH

157. Identify the major products P, Q and R in the 159. For the redox reaction following sequence of reactions :



 $MnO_4^- + C_2O_4^{2-} + H^+ \longrightarrow Mn^{2+} + CO_2 + H_2O$ the correct coefficients of the reactants for the balanced equation are

	${\rm MnO}_4^-$	$C_2 O_4^{2-}$	H^{+}
(1)	16	5	2
(2)	2	5	16
(3)	5	16	2
(4)	2	16	5

160. Which one of the following conditions will favour maximum formation of the product in the

 $A_2(g) + B_2(g) \rightleftharpoons X_2(g) \quad \Delta_r H = -X kJ?$

- (1) Low temperature and high pressure
- (2) Low temperature and low pressure
- High temperature and low pressure
- High temperature and high pressure
- 161. When initial concentration of the reactant is doubled, the half-life period of a zero order
 - is halved
 - is doubled
 - remains unchanged
 - is tripled
- **162.** The correction factor 'a' to the ideal gas equation corresponds to
 - density of the gas molecules
 - volume of the gas molecules
 - forces of attraction between the gas molecules
 - electric field present between the gas molecules

163. The bond dissociation energies of X_2 , Y_2 and XYare in the ratio of 1: 0.5: 1. ΔH for the formation of XY is -200 kJ mol⁻¹. The bond dissociation energy of X₂ will be

- 200 kJ mol^{-1}
- 100 kJ mol^{-1}

(3)
$$400 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$$

(4) 800 kJ mol^{$$-1$$}

- 164. Magnesium reacts with an element (X) to form an 168. The correct difference between firstionic compound. If the ground state electronic configuration of (X) is $1s^2 2s^2 2p^3$, the simplest formula for this compound is
 - (1) Mg_2X_3
 - (2)MgX₂
 - Mg_3X_9 (3)
 - Mg₂X (4)
- 165. Iron exhibits bcc structure at room temperature. Above 900°C, it transforms to fcc structure. The ratio of density of iron at room temperature to that at 900°C (assuming molar mass and atomic radii of iron remains constant with temperature) is

$$(1) \quad \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$(2) \qquad \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{2}}$$

(3)
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

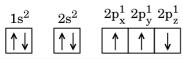
$$(4) \quad \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4\sqrt{2}}$$

166. Consider the following species :

CN⁺, CN⁻, NO and CN

Which one of these will have the highest bond order?

- (1)NO
- CN^{-} (2)
- (3)CN
- CN^+ (4)
- **167.** Which one is a *wrong* statement?
 - (1)Total orbital angular momentum of electron in 's' orbital is equal to zero.
 - (2)An orbital is designated by three quantum numbers while an electron in an atom is designated by four quantum numbers.
 - (3)The value of m for d_{72} is zero.
 - (4)The electronic configuration of N atom is



- and second-order reactions is that
 - the rate of a first-order reaction does not (1) depend on reactant concentrations; the rate of a second-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations
 - (2)the half-life of a first-order reaction does not depend on [A]₀; the half-life of a second-order reaction does depend on [A]₀
 - (3)the rate of a first-order reaction does depend on reactant concentrations: the rate of a second-order reaction does not depend on reactant concentrations
 - (4)a first-order reaction can be catalyzed: a second-order reaction cannot be catalyzed
- 169. In which case is the number of molecules of water maximum?
 - (1) 18 mL of water
 - 0.18 g of water (2)
 - 10^{-3} mol of water (3)
 - 0.00224 L of water vapours at 1 atm and (4) 273 K
- 170. Among CaH₂, BeH₂, BaH₂, the order of ionic character is
 - $BeH_{2} < CaH_{2} < BaH_{2}$ (1)
 - (2) $CaH_2 < BeH_2 < BaH_2$
 - $BaH_{2} < BeH_{2} < CaH_{2}$ (3)
 - $BeH_{2} < BaH_{2} < CaH_{2}$ (4)
- 171. Consider the change in oxidation state of Bromine corresponding to different emf values as shown in the diagram below :

$$BrO_{4}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.82 \text{ V}} BrO_{3}^{-} \xrightarrow{1.5 \text{ V}} HBrO$$
$$Br^{-} \xleftarrow{1.0652 \text{ V}} Br_{2} \xleftarrow{1.595 \text{ V}}$$

Then the species undergoing disproportionation is

 BrO_{2}^{-} (1)(2)BrO_₄ HBrO (3)(4)Br₂

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172.	The solubility of $BaSO_4$ in water is	176.	Iron	carbon	yl, Fe	(CO) ₅ is
	2.42×10^{-3} gL ⁻¹ at 298 K. The value of its		(1)	tetrar	nuclear	r
	solubility product (K _{sp}) will be		(2)	mono	nuclea	r
	(Given molar mass of $BaSO_4 = 233 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$)		(3)	dinuc	lear	
	(1) $1.08 \times 10^{-10} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$		(4)	trinuc	lear	
	(1) $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$ (2) $1.08 \times 10^{-12} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$	177.		type Cl ₂ (en) ₂		nerism s
	(3) $1.08 \times 10^{-8} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$		(1)	Geom	etrical	isomeris
	(4) $1.08 \times 10^{-14} \text{ mol}^2 \text{ L}^{-2}$		(2)	Coord	inatio	n isomeri
			(3)	Linka	ge isoi	merism
173.	Following solutions were prepared by mixing different volumes of NaOH and HCl of different		(4)	Ioniza	tion is	somerism
	concentrations :	178.	Whie	ch on	e of	the fol
			d-d t	transiti	ion and	d parama
	a. 60 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 40 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaOH		(1)	CrO_4^2	_	
	b. 55 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 45 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaOH		(2)	Cr_2O	2– 7	
	c. 75 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ HCl + 25 mL $\frac{M}{5}$ NaOH		(3)	MnO	2— 4	
			(4)	MnO	_ 4	
	d. 100 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ HCl + 100 mL $\frac{M}{10}$ NaOH pH of which one of them will be equal to 1 ?	179.		geome plex [N		nd magr] are
	(1) b		(1)		-	ar geome
	(2) a		(1)	_	_	geometry
	(3) c		(3)			geometry
	(4) d		(4)			ar geome
174.	On which of the following properties does the coagulating power of an ion depend ?	180.				ions give noments
	(1) The magnitude of the charge on the ion		-	-		sign the
	alone			Colun	ın I	
	(2) Size of the ion alone		a.	Co ³⁺		i.
	(3) The sign of charge on the ion alone			Cr ³⁺		
	(4) Both magnitude and sign of the charge on the ion		b.	-		ii.
	ULC 1011		c.	Fe ³⁺		iii.
175.	Given van der Waals constant for NH_3 , H_2 , O_2		d.	Ni ²⁺		iv.
	and CO_2 are respectively 4.17, 0.244, 1.36 and 2.50, which are of the following range is most					v.
	3.59, which one of the following gases is most easily liquefied ?			a	b	С
	(1) NH ₃		(1)	iv	v	ii
	(1) H_{13} (2) H_{2}		(2)	i	, ii	iii
	$\begin{array}{ccc} (2) & \Pi_2 \\ (3) & \mathrm{CO}_2 \end{array}$					
	-		(3)	iii	v	i
	(4) O ₂		(4)	iv	i	ii

	(\mathbf{I})	umuc	icai				
77.	The type of isomerism shown by the complex $[{\rm CoCl}_2({\rm en})_2]$ is						
	(1)	Geome	etrical is	sor	neris	m	
	(2)	Coord	ination i	iso	meris	sm	
	(3)	Linka	ge isome	eri	sm		
	(4)	Ioniza	tion isoi	me	rism		
78.	Which one of the following ions exhibits d-d transition and paramagnetism as well ?						
	(1)	$\operatorname{CrO}_4^{2-}$	-				
	(2)	$Cr_2O_7^2$	2				
	(3)	MnO_4^2	2— I				
	(4)	MnO_4	- L				
79.	The geometry and magnetic behaviour of the complex [Ni(CO) ₄] are (1) square planar geometry and diamagnetic						
	(2)	 tetrahedral geometry and diamagnetic tetrahedral geometry and paramagnetic square planar geometry and paramagnetic 					
	(3)						
	(4)						
80.	spin	Match the metal ions given in Column I with the spin magnetic moments of the ions given in Column II and assign the <i>correct</i> code :					
		Colum	nn I			Column II	
	a.	C0 ³⁺			i.	$\sqrt{8}$ B.M.	
	b.	Cr^{3+}			ii.	$\sqrt{35}$ B.M.	
	-	Fe^{3+}			iii.	$\sqrt{3}$ B.M.	
	d.	Ni ²⁺			iv.	$\sqrt{24}$ B.M.	
					v.	$\sqrt{15}$ B.M.	
		a	b	c		d	
	(1)	iv	v	ii		i	
	(2)	i	ii	ii	i	iv	
	(3)	iii	v	i		ii	
	(-)			-			

iii

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- 1. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 2. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 3. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a** candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 4. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 5. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 6. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 7. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.