

Model Paper (2024-25)

CLASS:11th

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मनोविज्ञान

PSYCHOLOGY

ACADEMIC/ OPEN

[समय: 3 घंटे]

[पूर्णांक : 60]

Time allowed: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 60

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 - Please make sure that the printed in this question paper are 15 in number and it contains 30 questions.
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 - Don't leave blank page/pages in your answer book.
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 - Except answer -book, no extra sheet will be given. Write to the point and do not strike the written answer.
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 - Candidates must write their roll number on the question paper.
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 - Before answering the questions, ensure that you have been supplied the correct and complete question paper, no claim in this regard, will be entertained after examination.
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General Instruction:

I. All questions are compulsory.

II. Marks for each question are indicated against it.

III. Questions in Part- A are objective type carrying one mark each.

IV. Questions in Part -B are very short answer type carrying two marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 30 words.

V. Questions in Part-C are short answer type carrying three marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 50 words.

VI. Questions in Part-D are essay type carrying five marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 150 words.

सामान्य निर्देश :

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भाग-अ

(वस्तुनिष्ठप्रश्न)

1.lkgyh eukSfoKku dh ç;ksx”kkyk dh LFkkiuk fdlus dh \

(A) fofy;e tsEl

(B) fofy;e oq.V

(C) fofy;e eSdMqxy

(D) flxe.M Qk;M

Who establish the first Psychological Lab.

(A)William James

(B) Wilhelm wundt

(C)William MacDuggal

(D)Sigmond Freud

2- euksfo++Kku ekufld çfd;kvks]-----vkSj O;ogkj
dk v/;;u djrk gSA

Psychology is the study of mental process,....., and behaviour.

3- jksxh dsfUnzr fpfdRlk i}fr fdl euksoSKkfud dh nsu gSA

Who invented Client-Centred-Theory?

4- ç;ksx dk mn~ns"; -----pj ds Ckkjs e saiwoZdFAu djuk
gksrk gSA

The purpose of research is to predict about.....variable.

5- ,d igpku dk fuekZ.k djuk fodkl dh fdl voLFkk dh fo"ks'krk gSA

(A) "kS"kokoLFkk

(B) CkkY;oLFkk

(C) fd"kksjkoLFkk

(D) çks<koLFkk

In which stage of development, formation of identity occurs?

(A) Infancy Stage

(B)Childhood Stage

(C) Adolescence Stage

(D) Adulthood Stage

6- O;fDr ds vka[k ds jax] Ropk ds jax vkfn dk j[kk tkrk gS&

(A) fQuksVkbi

(B) thuksVkbi

(C) iksfytsfud

(D) mi;qZDresa ls dksbZughA

Eye and skin colour of an individual is called

(A) Genotype

(B) Phenotype

(C) Polygenic

(D) None of these

7- mapkbZ] out vkfn dk Ck<uk-----dgykrh gSA

.....refers to an increase in the size of body parts or of the organism as a whole.

8- n``; LisDVe dk mtkZ ijkl ftldk gekjs çdk"qxzkgh irk yxk ldrs gSSA

1- 450& 565 uSuksehVj

2- 380&780 uSuksehVj

3- 100&700 uSuksehVj

4- 580& 20000 uSuksehVj

Our eyes are sensitive to spectrum of light from a range of

1. 450-565 Nanometer

2. 380-780 Nanometer

3. 100-700 Nanometer

4. 580-20000 Nanometer

9- fuL;and {kh.ku dk fl}kUr fdlus fn;kA

Who developed filter-attenuation theory?

10- çkfpv vuqCkU/ku ds çoZrd dkSu gS \

(A) Tks Ckh okVlu

(B) bZoku- ih- ikoyko

(C) Ckh ,Q- Ldhuj

(D) fofy;eoq.V

Who investigate classical conditioning?

(A) J.B Watson.

(B) Ivan P Povlov

(C) B.F. Skinner

(D) Wilhelm Wundt

11- losanhLEk`fr dh lpa;h {kerk gksRkh gSa

(A) ,d ISd.M ls de

(B) 30 ISd.M ls de

(C) 1 ehuVrd

(D) ThAoui;Zr

Sensory memory has a storage capacity.....

(A) Less than 30 sec.

(B) Less than 1 sec.

(C) Upto 1 minute

(D) Life Long

12- foLej.k ij lCkls igys ç;ksfxd v/;;u fdlus fd;kA

Who conducted first experimental study on forgetting?

fuEufyf[kr ç"u esa vfHkdFku $\frac{1}{4}A\frac{1}{2}$ vkSj dkj.k $\frac{1}{4}R\frac{1}{2}$ ds :lk es anks dFku fn;s x, gSaAdFkuksa dks i<sa vkSj mi;qDr fodYi dk p;u djsaA

13) **vfHkdFku $\frac{1}{4}aA\frac{1}{2}$ % Hkkjr 15 vxLr 1947 dks LorU= gqvka ;g ?kks'k.kkRed Le`fr gSA**

dkj.k $\frac{1}{4}R\frac{1}{2}$ % lHkh lwpuk,a ftu esa rF;] uke] frfFk gksrs gSa] ?kks'k.kkRed Le`fr dgykrh gSA

fodYi%& $\frac{1}{4}a\frac{1}{2}$ 'A' vkSj 'R' nksukss lR; gSa vkSj 'R', 'A' dk lgh Li`Vhdj.k gSA

$\frac{1}{4}b\frac{1}{2}$ 'A' vkSj 'R' nksukss lR; gSa] ysfdu 'R', 'A' dk lgh Li`Vhdj.k ugh gSA

$\frac{1}{4}c\frac{1}{2}$ 'A' lgh gS ysfdu 'R' xyr gSA

$\frac{1}{4}d\frac{1}{2}$ 'A' xyr gS] ysfdu 'R' lgh gSA

Two statements are given in the following question as Assertion (A) and Reason (R) . Read the statements and choose the appropriate option:

Assertion:-(A) India become independent on 15th August 1947, is declarative memory.

Reason:-(R) All information pertaining to facts, names, dates are called declarative memory.

Options:-

- (a) Both 'A' and 'R' are true, and 'R' is the correct explanation of 'A'
- (b) Both 'A' and 'R' are true, and 'R' is not the correct explanation of 'A'
- (c) 'A' is true, but 'R' is false.
- (d) 'A' is false, but 'R' is true.

14- **vfHkdFku $\frac{1}{4}aA\frac{1}{2}$ %ltZukRed fpUru ges"kk vlk/kkj.k dk;ksZ esa gh O;Dr ugh gksrk gSA**

dkj.k $\frac{1}{4}R\frac{1}{2} \%$ ItZukRedrk ds fy, fdlh O;fDr dks ,d oSKkfud ;k dykd kj gksuk

vko”;d gSA

fodYi%& $\frac{1}{4}a\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ vkSj ‘R’ nksukss IR; gS avkSj ‘R’, ‘A’ dk lgh Li’Vhdj.k gSA

$\frac{1}{4}b\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ vkSj ‘R’ nksukss IR; gSa] ysfdu ‘R’, ‘A’ dk lgh Li’Vhdj.k ugh gSA

$\frac{1}{4}c\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ lgh gS ysfdu ‘R’ xyr gSA

$\frac{1}{4}d\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ xyr gS] ysfdu ‘R’ lgh gSA

Assertion:- (A) Creative thinking is not always expressed in extraordinary work.

Reason:- (R) One does have to be a scientist or an artist to be creative.

Options:-

- (a) Both ‘A’ and ‘R’ are true, and ‘R’ is the correct explanation of ‘A’
- (b) Both ‘A’ and ‘R’ are true, and ‘R’ is not the correct explanation of ‘A’
- (c) ‘A’ is true, but ‘R’ is false.
- (d) ‘A’ is false, but ‘R’ is true.

15. - **vfHkdFku** $\frac{1}{4}aA\frac{1}{2} \%$ fpUru lHkh laKkukRed xfrfof/k;ksa ;k çfØ;kvks adk vk/kkj gSA

dkj.k $\frac{1}{4}R\frac{1}{2} \%$ fpUru ,d mPprj ekufl d çfØ;k gSA

fodYi%& $\frac{1}{4}a\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ vkSj ‘R’ nksukss IR; gSa vkSj ‘R’, ‘A’ dk lgh Li’Vhdj.k gSA

$\frac{1}{4}b\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ vkSj ‘R’ nksukss IR; gSa] ysfdu ‘R’, ‘A’ dk lgh Li’Vhdj.k ugh gSA

$\frac{1}{4}c\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ lgh gS ysfdu ‘R’ xyr gSA

$\frac{1}{4}d\frac{1}{2}$ ‘A’ xyr gS] ysfdu ‘R’ lgh gSA

Assertion:- Thinking is the base of all cognitive activities or processes.

Reason:- Thinking is a higher mental process

Options:-

- (a) Both 'A' and 'R' are true, and 'R' is the correct explanation of 'A'
- (b) Both 'A' and 'R' are true, and 'R' is not the correct explanation of 'A'
- (c) 'A' is true, but 'R' is false.
- (d) 'A' is false, but 'R' is true.

16- varfuZjh{k.k ls D;k rkRi;Z gSA

What is introspection?

17- i;kZoj.kh euksfoKku ls vki D;k le>rs gaSA

What is environmental psychology?

18- ifjdYiuk D;k gksrh gSA

What is hypothesis? or

çk;ksfxd ,ao fu;fU=r lewg esa vUrj Ckrkvks

What is the difference between experimental and controlled group?

19- euksHkkSfrdh dk v/;;u fo'k; D;k gksrk gSA

What is the study subject of psychometrics?

20- ewyj^&yk;j Hkze D;k gSA

What is the Mullar-Lyer Illusion?

21- [k.Mh; fo/kh ls vki D;k le>rs gSA

What is Chunking Method?

22- eknd nzO;ksa dk nw:i;ksx fd"kksjkoLFkk dh ,d çeq[k pqukSrh gSA
çdk"k MkyasA

How do Psycho-culture factors influence development?

23- mrj çfrek,a D;k gksrh gaSA ;s fdrus çdkj dh gksrh gaSA

What is after image? What are the types of after image?

24- çcyu vuqlqfp fdl çdkj vuqCkU/ku dks çekf.kr djrh gSA

How do the schedules of reinforcement affect the conditioning? or

vf/kxe fl}kUrksa ds vuqç;ksx ij çdk”k MkyasA

What are the applications of learning principals

25- laçR;; D;k gSA

What is a ‘concept’?

26- vlR; Le`fr ls vki D;k le>rs gaSA

What is false memory?

27- ItZukRed fparu dh çfØ;k dSlS iwjh gksrh gSA

How is the process of creative thinking completed?

28- euksoSKkfud tkap ds D;k y{k; gksrs gSaA

What is the goal of psychological enquiry? or

Ckkg ifjoR;ksa ij fu;U=.k LFkfkfir djus ds fy, ç;ksxdrkZ fdu rduhdksa dk ç;ksx djrsa gaSA

What are the different techniques adopted by the researchers to control the extraneous variables?

29- fd”kksjoLFkk dh çeql[k pqukSfr;ka D;k gksrh gSaA

What are the challenges faced by individual on entry to adulthood? or

fodk”k dh ifjHkk’kk ,ao fo”ks’krk,a foLrkj ls crk,a I

Explain the definition and characteristics of development in detail.

30- vfHkçsj.kk ls vki D;k le>rs gSaA eukslkekftd vfHkçsjd fdl çdkj ls O;fDrRo dks çHkkfor djrs gaSA

What do you understand by ‘Motivation’? How do psycho-social motivators affect personality? or

fu’ks/kkRed losaxkas ds çCkU/ku dh dkSu&dkSu lh ;qfDr;ka viukbZ tk ldrh gaSA

What strategies can be adopted to manage negative emotions?